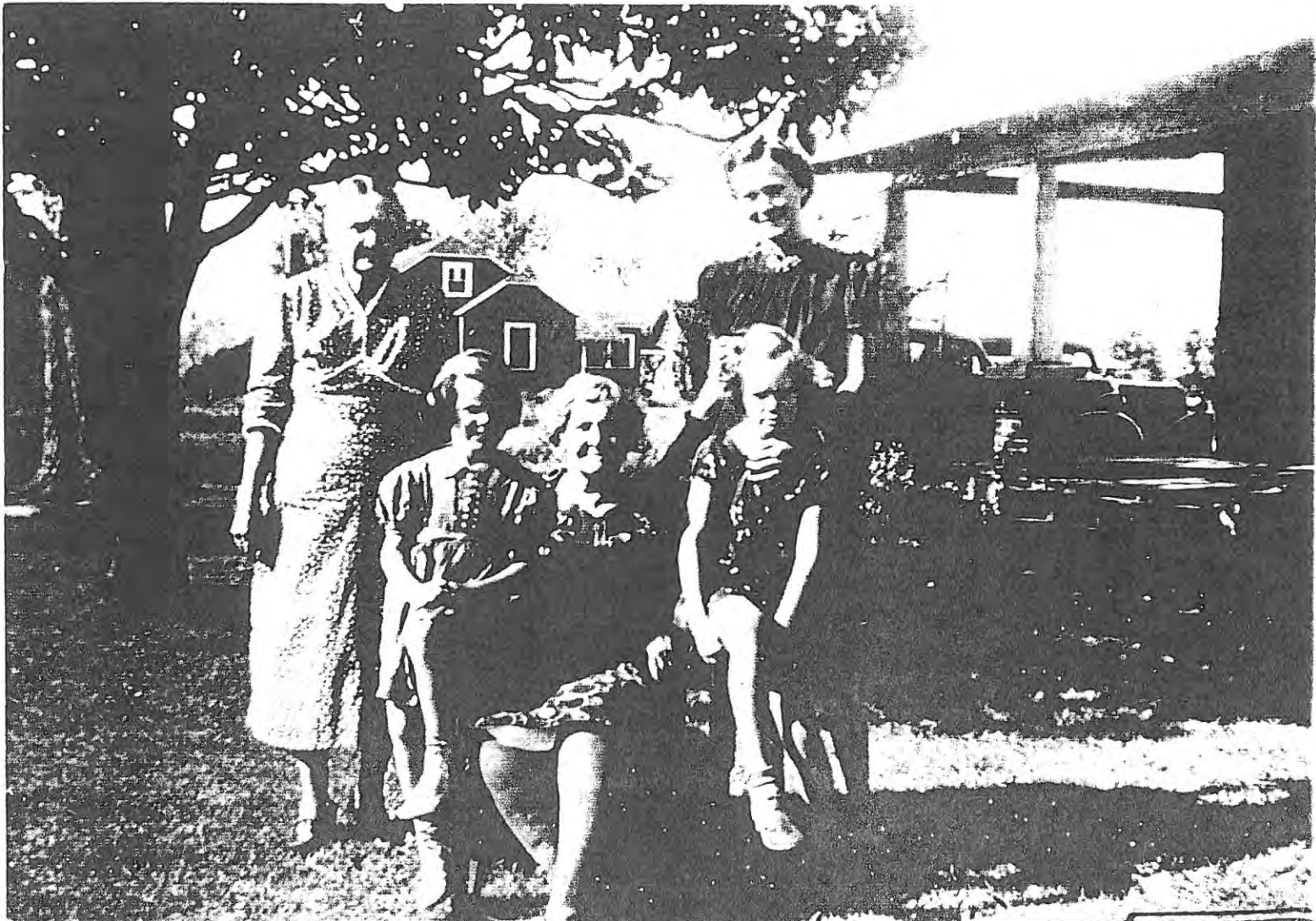


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One of our Hastings family ancestors fought in the War of the American Revolution in 1775. Another fought in the Confederate army during the Civil War, surviving a stint in a Yankee prison camp. Another served as a town marshall in Beebe, Arkansas, and was killed in the line of duty in the year 1899. Yet another fought with Andrew Jackson in the famous Battle of New Orleans as a teenager in 1814, and later at about age 70 led a wagon train journey from Missouri to California. One of our ancestors came to America by himself at age 15 in the year 1774 as an "indentured servant," legally bound to work for a period of years in return for the cost of his ship's passage. Another was a "well-to-do" pre-Civil War landowner and slaveholder in Kentucky. Another was one of the real-life "49ers," joining the legendary 1849 "gold rush" to California. One of our female ancestors gave birth to 16 children between 1814 and 1841, in Tennessee and Missouri. And one of our ancestors, during the late 1700's, held the rights to the land that now comprises downtown Nashville, Tennessee.

I have learned these and other interesting facts while researching my father's ancestors, who may be your ancestors, too. For details on these and other of our ancestors, read on.



INTRODUCTION

This history summarizes the information that I've uncovered concerning my Hastings family ancestors. I've done the research mainly because I've found it interesting, but I also think that this information may be of interest some day to some of my own descendants or some of yours. I hope that you'll enjoy it, too.

While much of this information I've taken from records, some of it is "word of mouth" from relatives. (You will see footnote numbers at various places--the footnotes are at the end of the document. The footnotes describe where I found each item of information, in order to assist anyone who wishes to do more research.) But, of course, both records and memories can sometimes be faulty. So, if you read anything here that you think is wrong, I'd love to hear from you, so that I can correct future versions of this history. (My address and phone numbers appear at the end of this document.) Or, I'd love to hear from you with any other feedback, such as whether you enjoyed it or any suggestions for places where I might find more information.

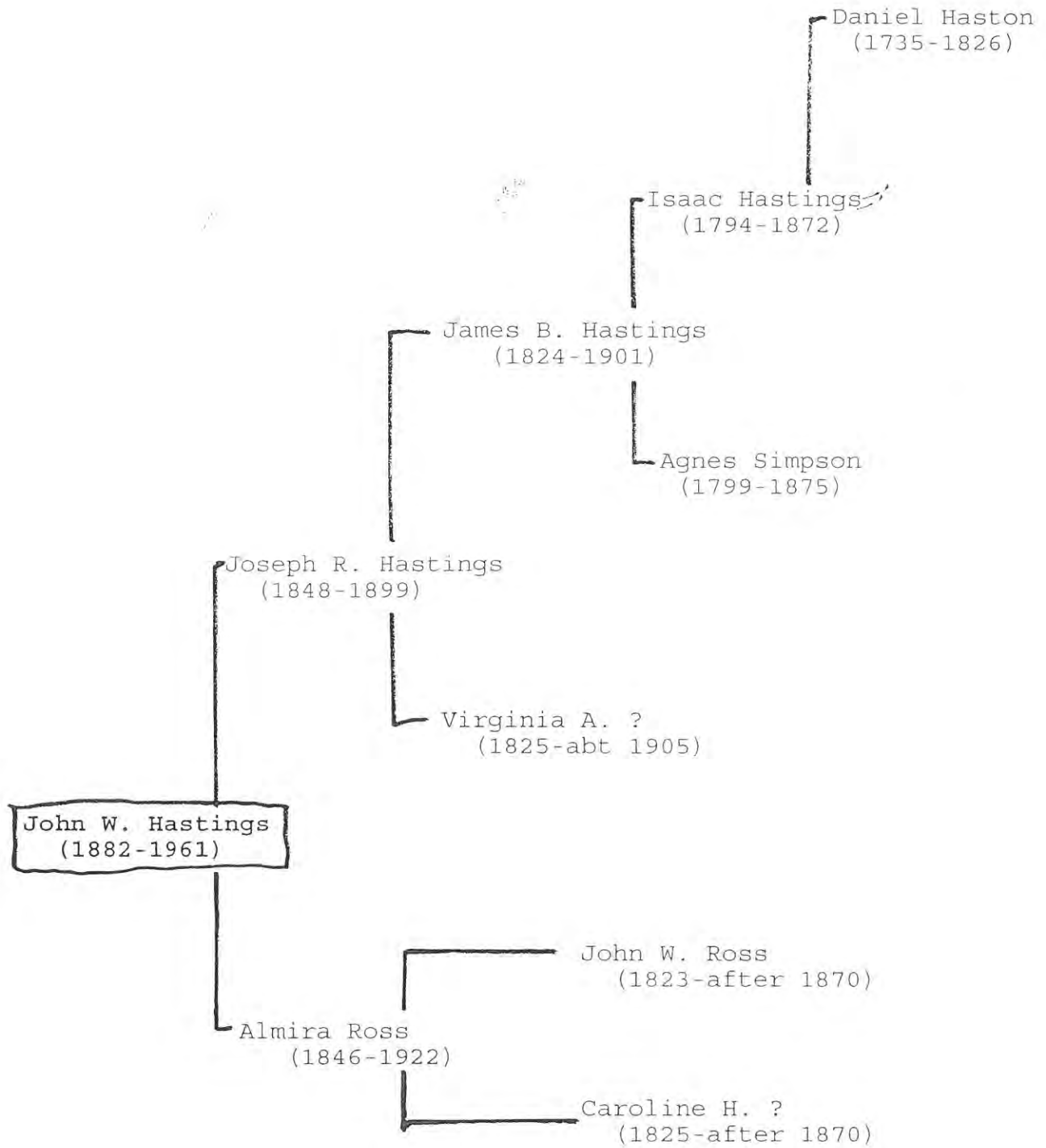
On the next two pages are two genealogical charts that list the ancestors that I've found. The first shows the ancestors of my grandfather, John W. Hastings, and the second shows the ancestors of his wife, Rosa Lee Burt Hastings. For each name on the chart, moving to the right along the solid lines you will find that person's father (on top) and mother (below). For example, on page 2A, you will see that John W. Hastings' father was Joseph R. Hastings, and that John's mother was Almira Ross. Moving to the right, Joseph R. Hastings' father was James B. Hastings, etc. These charts, I hope, will serve for you as a summary of the information contained in this history.

Following those charts, I have organized the rest of this history into the following sections:

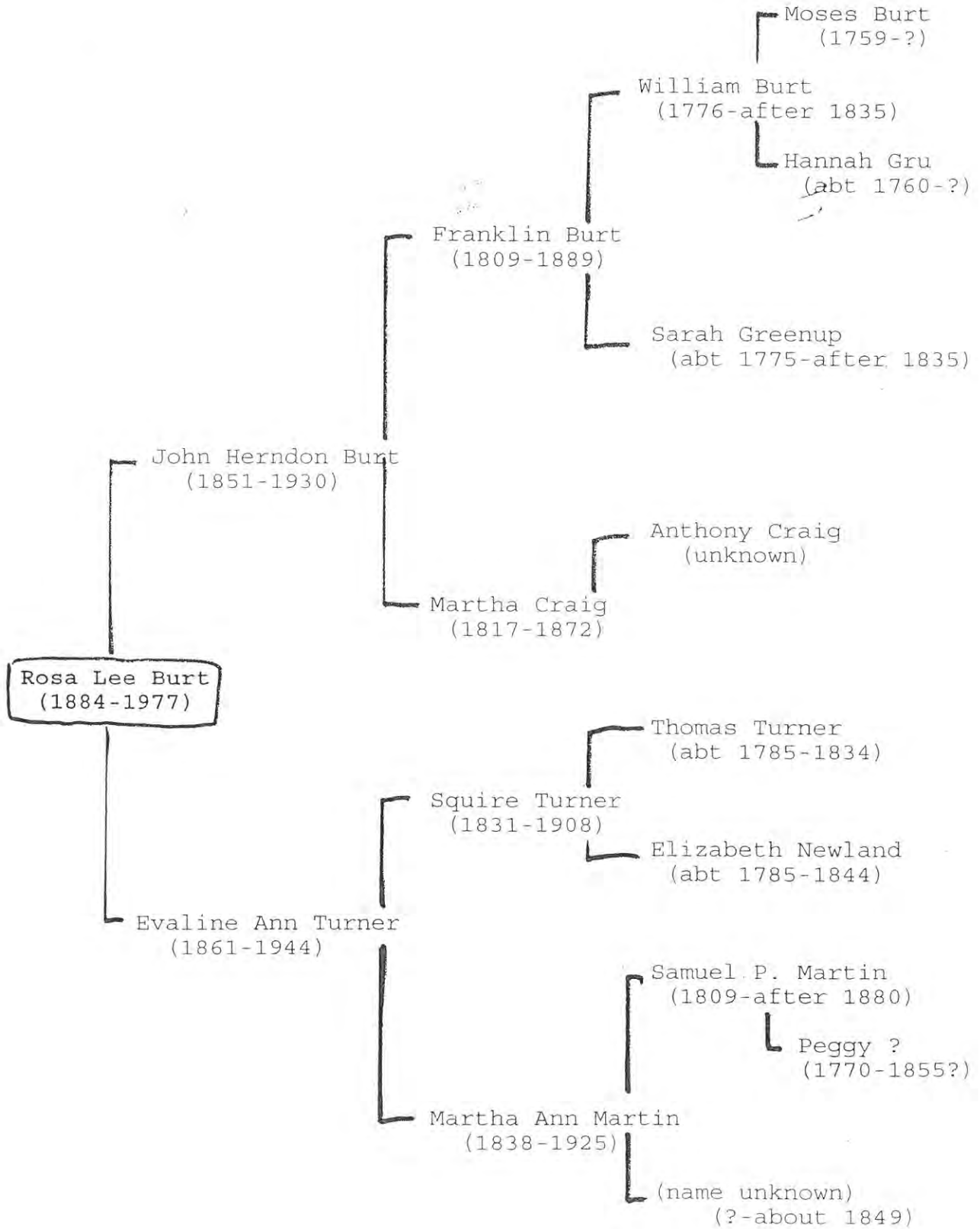
- Part I The Hastings line: 1735 to the present
- Part II Other ancestors of John W. Hastings (Ross line)
- Part III Ancestors of Rosa Lee Burt Hastings
 - A. The Burt line
 - B. The Craig line
 - C. The Turner line
 - D. The Martin line
- Part IV Descendants of John W. and Rosa Hastings
- Part V How you can assist the next edition of this history
- Part VI Additional Hastings and relatives information

*Cover: Four generations of the Hastings/Burt family:
(from left) Evaline Turner Burt, Peggy Jones, Rosa Burt Hastings,
Betty Jones, Evelyn Hastings Jones. (About 1937).*

SUMMARY OF ANCESTORS--JOHN W. HASTINGS



SUMMARY OF ANCESTORS--ROSA LEE BURT



I. THE HASTINGS LINE: 1735 TO THE PRESENT

I have been able to trace my direct line of ancestors bearing the name "Hastings" for five generations predating my father, as shown on the genealogical chart on page 2A above. In the pages to follow, I will summarize what I have learned about each of these generations, beginning with the earliest clearly identified ancestor, Daniel Haston, and preceding forward toward the present.

A. Daniel Haston, 1735-1826.

The earliest ancestor in our Hastings line that I have discovered was a man listed in various records as Daniel Haston. This gentleman seems to have been the ancestor of all those people in this country known by the name "Hastings" who are related to me, along with a great many folks who now go by the names Haston, Hastin, and others. Note that Daniel Haston apparently never spelled his name as "Hastings." Rather, the first one in our family to spell the name as "Hastings" was Daniel's son Isaac, who will be the subject of the following section of this history.

According to oral history among some of his descendants, Daniel Haston was born about 1735, in Virginia.¹ An article published in a Tennessee historical journal (see copy attached at the end of this history²) cites evidence that Daniel lived in Virginia early in his adult life, that he may have been of Dutch descent, and that his name may have been spelled another way prior to the "Haston" spelling. One line of research indicates that it is *possible* that Daniel may have been the son of a Swiss immigrant named Henry Hiestand who settled in Page County, Virginia, but this is still far from certain.³

Whatever his origin, one record shows clearly that Daniel Haston in fact fought in the War of the American Revolution, from 1776 through 1783, in a North Carolina regiment. A roster of North Carolina soldiers from that war shows that Daniel Haston, a private, served 84 months in a North Carolina unit, and, as a result, was given land warrant #2345, which entitled him to 640 acres of land in the western part of North Carolina, which later became the state of Tennessee.⁴

The historical journal article indicates that, like most Continental soldiers of the Revolutionary War, Daniel Haston did not actually take possession of the land granted him at the conclusion of the war, but instead sold his warrant to a land speculator. This particular property, it is reported, is now downtown Nashville. (Gee, maybe we all could have been rich if

he had kept the land!)

Later, however, Daniel was later able to otherwise obtain land in Tennessee. During the 1790's he lived in Knox County, in the extreme eastern part of that state. About 1806, he moved slightly further west, to a mountainous area of what was then White County (now Van Buren County), Tennessee, on the Big Spring Branch of the Caney Fork River. At some point, this land or a spring on it became known as "Haston Spring." A survey record of 1808 shows that Daniel then owned 150 acres at this site. It seems very likely that Daniel supported his family by farming this land, where he lived the rest of his life.

I have not yet found a record containing the name of Daniel's wife. Records do show, however, that Daniel had at least nine children, and one report indicates that he had 13 children.⁵ Two of Daniel's eldest children later listed their birthplace as Virginia, indicating that Daniel and his wife for some period of time made their home in that state prior to obtaining the homestead in Tennessee. Records indicate the following, apparently incomplete, list of children:

- 1) David, born May 6, 1777, in Virginia.
- 2) Joseph, born January 9, 1780.
- 3) Catharine, born between 1790 and 1800, in Virginia.
- *4) Isaac, born October 17, 1794, in Tennessee.**
- 5) Jesse, born January 2, 1796.
- 6) Polly, birthdate unknown.
- 7) Peggy, birthdate unknown.
- 8) Daniel, Jr., birthdate unknown.
- 9) Carroll (a son), birthdate unknown.

Daniel Haston died in 1826, and is buried at the Big Fork Cemetery in Van Buren County, Tennessee. His wife is buried in the same cemetery, but in an unmarked grave.



*Daniel Haston's
tombstone*

It appears that all of Daniel's children except Isaac, and most of their descendants to the present, continued to spell their name as "Haston." Many of these Hastons seem to have remained and flourished in Tennessee. Several of Daniel's grandsons named Haston fought in the Confederate Army during the Civil War, and a number of Hastons since then have been sheriffs, judges, or in other prominent positions in that state.

B. Isaac Hastings, 1794-1872.

Daniel Haston's wife gave birth to a son on October 17, 1794, most likely in Knox County, Tennessee. The child was named Isaac, and later in his life--exactly when is unclear--he was to begin to spell his family name as "Hastings." Isaac Hastings, like his father, was destined to have a long and amazing life, including fighting for his country as well as three major moves, in which he apparently sought new land in untamed areas as he moved westward along with the American frontier.

Isaac grew up in eastern Tennessee, as part of a large farm family (see section above concerning Daniel Haston). Family records⁶ indicate that Isaac, at the age of 20, fought in the War of 1812, specifically in the famous Battle of New Orleans in early 1815, in which Andrew Jackson led a small force of Americans to an resounding victory over the British. Isaac is said to have operated a "chain gun"--perhaps some type of artillery piece--in that battle.

Sometime around 1814, Isaac married Agnes Simpson, who had been born in Tennessee on December 28, 1799. The couple apparently first set up housekeeping in White County, Tennessee, where Isaac's parents also lived. Isaac is listed in the 1820 census as a landowner in that county, with his name spelled as "Hasting." (The same census also shows not only Isaac's father but also his two older brothers also held separate tracts of land in that county in 1820.)

By 1827, Isaac had made his first move, relocating his family to McMinn County, Tennessee, where he appears as a landowner in the 1830 census, under the spelling "Hastings." About 1834, Isaac made an even more bold move to the western frontier, resettling his family in Greene County, in southwest Missouri (near the present-day city of Springfield). A history of Greene County states that Isaac was, in fact, one of the very first non-Indian persons to make a home in that part of the state, which was not settled by whites until the 1830's.⁷ There, in Greene County, Isaac was listed in both the 1840 (in Garret Township) and 1850 (in Cass Township) census records, again under the name "Hastings." One later family record states that Isaac's land was located ten miles west of Springfield.⁸ In the 1840 census, Isaac and his sons are listed as "employed in

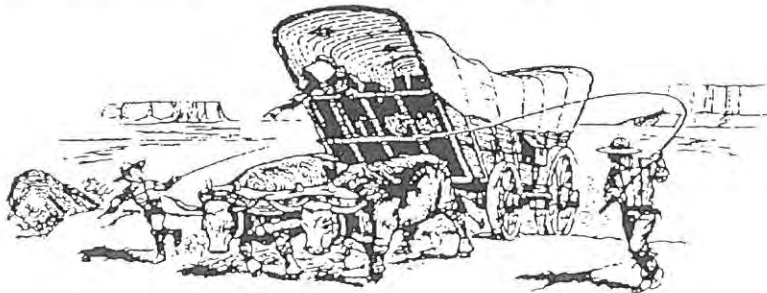
agriculture."

Isaac and Agnes had numerous children, probably 16 or so. Records show the names of the following 13 children:

- 1) John Wesley, born about 1819, Tennessee.
- 2) Maria, b. January 27, 1822, Tennessee.
- 3) William Carroll, b. about 1823, Tennessee.
- *4) **James B., b. September 15, 1824, Tennessee.**
- 5) Emily, b. about 1825, Tennessee.
- 6) Isabella Ann, b. February 11, 1827, McMinn County, Tenn.
- 7) Samuel Douthard, b. February 25, 1826, Tennessee.
- 8) Fletcher Dilay, b. February 10, 1832, Tennessee.
- 9) Sidney, b. about 1833, Tennessee.
- 10) Ashbury Roten, b. about 1834, Tennessee.
- 11) Jesse Axley, b. Feb. 20, 1835, Greene County, Missouri.
- 12) Robert D., b. about 1837, Greene County, Missouri.
- 13) Hartwell Greene, b. March 30, 1841, Greene County, Mo.

But census records indicate that there were probably three more female children, whose names are unknown.⁹

Sometime during the 1850's or early 1860's, Isaac, his wife Agnes, and a number of his adult sons and their families moved from Missouri to California. (Isaac's son Jesse had already been to California, and convinced his father to make the move.¹⁰) The journey must have been by wagon train, since the transcontinental railroad was not completed until 1869. Isaac was about 60 to 70 years old at the time, Agnes only about five years younger. Keep in mind that on such journeys, a distance of about 2,000 miles over desert and two huge mountain ranges, each traveler, save for tiny children and invalids, walked the entire distance! Belongings rode in the wagon, but the people generally walked. The trip usually took from the early spring to the mid-to-late fall, most days involving nothing but marching from dawn to dusk. There were numerous dangers as well, including disease (cholera and "Rocky Mountain fever"), perilous river crossings, bandits, and Indians. On the journey of the Hastings family, at the foot of the Sierra Nevada mountain range Isaac's son Robert, age 20, died and was buried.¹¹ The rest of the Hastings clan reached California safely, however, and settled in the Bennett Valley region of Sonoma County, California, northeast of San Francisco.¹² Isaac and his sons Jesse, Ashbury, Fletcher, and Hartwell are all listed as landowning farmers in Sonoma County records of the late 1860's.¹³ There, Isaac died about 1872, followed by his wife Agnes about 1875.¹⁴



C. James B. Hastings, 1824-1901.

The third son of Isaac Hastings, James B. Hastings, was born in Tennessee on September 15, 1824. It is not clear whether at that time the family was still at Isaac's first homestead, in White County (now Van Buren County), or had already moved to McMinn County. In any event, young James moved with his family to the previously unsettled area of Greene County, Missouri, about 1835. Sometime during the early 1840's, James married a woman named Virginia, middle initial A., last name unknown, who had been born in March of 1825, probably in Tennessee.

In the 1850 census record, James is listed as a farmer in Greene County, Cass Township, Missouri, apparently on property adjoining that of his father (they are listed next to each other in the census record). By that time, James and Virginia had three children, and apparently had briefly lived in Mississippi before moving back to Missouri, because that 1850 census record indicates that their eldest son had been born in Mississippi before their next few children were born in Missouri. In the 1860 census, James is again listed as a farmer, this time in Dade County, Polk Township, Missouri, where he is noted to be the owner of real property (land) worth \$800 and personal property worth \$600.

About 1865, James moved to Independence County, Arkansas.¹⁵ Although I have not found James in the 1870 census, in the 1880 census he is listed as a farmer in Independence County, Healing Springs Township, Arkansas. His farm may have been located near the town of Wolf Bayou, where he was active in the Masons organization.¹⁶ Moreover, in the 1870 census record, two of James' sons, John and Joseph (then aged 24 and 22 years, respectively), are listed as living in Healing Springs Township, making it seem likely that James lived there as well.

I have located no record of James between 1880 and 1900. (The 1890 census records were destroyed.) But an obituary seems to indicate that James remained in the Healing Springs Township area until about 1898, when he apparently moved in with his son Wesley. In the 1900 census record, James and his wife are listed as living in Wesley's household in Cleburne County, Peters Creek Township, Arkansas, probably just outside of the town of Heber Springs.¹⁷ That census was also the first to ask whether each person could read and write, and both are listed as literate.

In the 1900 census, James' wife Virginia is listed as having given birth to 13 children, with six of them still living in 1900. Through census and other records, I have pieced together the following, apparently incomplete, list of James' and Virginia's children:

- 1) William R., born about 1844, Mississippi.
- 2) John P., b. Nov. 1846, Greene County, Cass Township, Missouri; married a woman whose first name was "Tennessee"; fought in Confederate Army during Civil War.
- *3) **Joseph R., b. December 15, 1848, Greene County, Mo.**
- 4) Permadria (daughter), b. about 1851, Missouri.
- 5) Barbara J., b. about 1853, Missouri.
- 6) Martha J., b. about 1855, Missouri.
- 7) Celia Ann, b. about 1857, Missouri.
- 8) Eliza, b. about 1860, Missouri.
- 9) Katherine C., b. about 1866, Arkansas.
- 10) Wesley A., b. about 1870, Arkansas.

If the 1900 census note about 13 children is correct, then it seems likely that three more children were born between Eliza and Wesley.

James B. Hastings died on March 16, 1901.¹⁸ The above-mentioned obituary indicates that James had become a Methodist at the age of 28 and was active in that church, known to the congregation affectionately as "Uncle Jimmy" and often consulted for spiritual advice. The obituary also states that James died after an unspecified illness which caused him about eleven years of "excruciating agonies;" the obituary expressed admiration for the way in which James endured this suffering.

James' wife Virginia probably also died between 1900 and 1910, since she is not enumerated with her son Wesley in the 1910 census.

D. Joseph R. Hastings, 1848-1899.

Joseph R. Hastings, the third child of James B. and Virginia Hastings, was born on December 15, 1848, probably at his father's house in Greene County, Cass Township, Missouri. He grew up as part of a large farm family in Greene County and then Dade County, Missouri. We know, from a newspaper account of his death, that Joseph either was born without one arm or lost it at some time in his life. From that same newspaper account, and his tombstone, we also know that he was commonly known as "J.R." Hastings, at least late in life.

About 1866, Joseph married Almira M. Ross, often called "Mira" or "Myra." Almira had been born in November 1846 in Bradley County, Tennessee. It seems likely that Joseph and Almira met and married in Independence County, Arkansas, where her family lived during the 1860's, and where Joseph's father moved about 1865. In any event, all of their children were born in Arkansas, beginning about 1867. In the 1870 census record, they are listed as living with their first three children in Independence County, Healing Springs Township, Arkansas, where

Almira's father and Joseph's older brother John also resided in 1870. Joseph is recorded in the 1870 census roll as a farmer.

In the 1880 census record, Joseph is again listed as a farmer, this time in White County, Gray Township, Arkansas, in or near the town of Searcy. By that time, Joseph and Almira had three more children born since 1870, although apparently one of their eldest children, Emily, had died between 1870 and 1880.

At least two more children were born to Joseph and Almira during the 1880's, during which period of time the family may have lived in Antioch, Arkansas.¹⁹ Records indicate the following children of Joseph and Almira²⁰:

- 1) Martha, b. about 1867, Arkansas.
- 2) William, b. about 1868, Arkansas.
- 3) Emily F., b. about 1869, Arkansas.
- 4) Thomas W., b. August 1873, Arkansas.
- 5) Forrest A., b. November 1875 or 1876, Arkansas.
- 6) Cora, b. December 1878, Arkansas.
- *7) John Wesley, born January 28, 1882, Antioch, Arkansas.**
- 8) George Edgar, born July 17, 1885, Arkansas.

By 1899, the family was living in Beebe, Arkansas, where Joseph, then known as "J.R.," was employed as the "city marshall" of that town. Two newspaper accounts in the Arkansas Gazette, attached at the end of this history, record the tragedy that befell the family in September of 1899. A man named J.D. Caradine, son of a man who owned a livery stable in Beebe, was drunk and disturbing the peace of the town on Sunday, September 3. J.R. attempted to arrest Caradine, who pulled out a knife and stabbed the city marshall twice. J.R. was taken to his home, where he died on Wednesday, September 6, at the age of 50 years.²¹

In the 1900 census record, Joseph's widow Almira and several of her children were listed as living in the Beebe area (Union Township), where she owned a house that was not on a farm. Two of her sons, however, Forrest and John, are listed in that census as boarding with a farmer in Garner Township, White County, where they worked as sawmill laborers.

In the 1910 census record, Almira is listed as owning a house in Little Rock, Arkansas, where she lived with her grown son Thomas. Also listed as living with them is a nine-year-old named Maggie Davis, who is stated to be a granddaughter of Almira. (I do not know who Maggie's parents were.) In the 1920 census record, Almira is again listed as living in Little Rock with her unmarried son Thomas.

It is not clear when and where Almira died. One grandchild reports that she moved to Detroit to live with her daughter Cora,

and died there.²² Another grandchild remembered hearing, however, that Almira died in Stuttgart, Arkansas, about 1922.²³

Joseph R. Hastings is buried in the Beebe Cemetery in Beebe, Arkansas, under a large and elaborate monument apparently erected by the "Woodmen of the World," a fraternal organization of which he was apparently a member. Although there is no separate headstone, it is reported²⁴ that his wife Almira is also buried in the same cemetery, which now contains several other family members.

Because he was killed in the course of his work as a peace officer, Joseph R. Hastings has been honored in the National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial in Washington, D.C. That memorial honors individuals who have died in the line of duty as law enforcement officers in the United States, from 1776 to the present. The name of Joseph R. Hastings is inscribed on the "Wall of Honour" at the memorial. His name and documentation were submitted by his great-grandson George L. Hastings, Jr. (the author of this history). The memorial was dedicated on October 15, 1991, with President George Bush among the speakers. Representing the descendants of Joseph R. Hastings at the dedication were his granddaughter Dorothy Hastings Osterbeck and her son Fred Osterbeck, both of whom shook hands with the President. (Please note that the Memorial continues to seek any kind of picture of Joseph R. Hastings--any photograph (even as part of a group) or even a painting. Please let me know if you have a picture that you could temporarily loan to the Memorial.)

National Law Enforcement Officers Memorial



IN VALOR
THERE IS HOPE



JOSEPH R HASTINGS
City Marshal
White County, Arkansas, S.D.

Above: A rubbing of the name of Joseph R. Hastings, from the engraving on the "Wall of Honour" at the Law Enforcement Memorial.

Left: His Memorial plaque, still in need of his picture

E. John W. Hastings, 1882-1961.

John W. Hastings, one of the youngest children of Joseph R. and Almira Hastings, was born on January 6, 1882. Although I have as yet found no record of his birth, it has been reported that he was born on a farm in Antioch, Arkansas. Whatever his town of birth, it is likely that John spent his boyhood in White County, Arkansas, where his father likely was a farmer for a time, later serving as city marshall of the town of Beebe. John was 17 years old when his father was killed. (See section above.) By the following year, census records show, he was boarding at a farm in nearby Garner Township in White County, where he worked in a sawmill.

We also know that John was a baseball player about this time in his life, since a photograph of the Beebe town baseball team exists, including John. (See below.)



John W. Hastings is third from left, middle row. (Year abt 1903.)

About February 28, 1904²⁵, John married Rosa Lee Burt, who had been born in Missouri in 1884 but had lived in Beebe since 1889. They made their first home in Beebe, where their first child, Evelyn Magdeline (usually called "Sister" within the family), was born on September 18, 1907, and their second, John Wesley, Jr. (later known as "Bloss" or "Bus"), was born in February of 1910.²⁶ The 1910 census record lists the couple as owning a house ("free and clear," meaning no mortgage) in Beebe next to the house of Rosa's father, John Herndon Burt. John Hastings is listed as a salesman in a hardware store.

Family memories indicate that the family moved several times between 1910 and 1930, among towns in the general area around Beebe in central Arkansas, including Cabot, Stuttgart, and Lonoke.²⁷ John Hastings at times worked as an automobile salesman and a carpenter, and at one time may have owned an interest in a hardware store, perhaps in Cabot.²⁸ More children were born, including Thomas Herndon (known as Herndon), born in Beebe, June 27, 1912; Mary Lee, born about 1915 in Beebe; George Leo (known as Leo), born December 10, 1916, probably in Beebe; Dorothy Deane, born about 1920, in Beebe; and Joe Franklin, born March 5, 1922, in Stuttgart.



*Evelyn and
John Hastings,
Jr., about 1911.*

According to family memories, at times John enjoyed economic success; it is reported that on one occasion in the early 1920's, he gave his daughter Evelyn a new automobile as a birthday present.²⁹ The world-wide "Great Depression" (late 1920's through mid-1930's), however, brought economic hard times for the family. About 1930, Dorothy was sent to live with her aunt, Cora Hastings Bailey, in Detroit, and in the fall of 1934 George Leo dropped out of high school to seek employment in Detroit.



Above, Joe; left, George Leo; above left: Evaline Turner Burt and grandchildren

In August of 1928, at age 16, Herndon caught typhoid fever, and died after a three-week illness at the family home in Lonoke on September 1. Funeral services were held that same day, both at the family home in Lonoke and later at his grandparents' (the Burts) home in Beebe. An obituary indicates that Herndon had been an active member of the "First Christian Church" in Lonoke and was very well-regarded in the town.

Mary Lee, after a brief (and childless) marriage to and divorce from John Burks, died of pneumonia about 1936. Both she and Herndon are buried in the Beebe Cemetery.



Thomas Herndon Hastings

Funeral Notice

Friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of

THOMAS HERNDON HASTINGS

at the family residence this [Saturday] afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

Services conducted by Rev. W. H. Gregory.

Interment—Beebe Cemetery.

Lonoke, Ark., September 1, 1928.

From about the early 1930's to the time of John's death, John and Rosa Hastings lived in Beebe.³⁰ Sometime during the late 1930's, Rosa broke her hip, and thereafter walked with crutches or used a wheelchair. After about 1940, they owned a house on Hickory Street (now 203 N. Hickory Street). In the late 1940's, their son Joe purchased the lot next door, and John and Joe built a house there (now 201 N. Hickory Street) in which Joe and his growing family lived for several years. In 1954, a party celebrated John and Rosa's 50th wedding anniversary.

John W. Hastings died on September 6, 1961, shortly after entering a nursing home in Little Rock. Soon thereafter, Rosa moved to a nursing home in Lonoke, where she lived the rest of her life. A large celebration was held for her 90th birthday in July of 1974. She died on March 2, 1977. An obituary indicated that she had been a member of the "Christian Church."

Both John and Rosa are buried in the Beebe Cemetery, in marked graves, near the tombstones of their son, Thomas Herndon, and John's father J.R. Hastings. John and Rosa's daughter, Mary Lee, is buried in another plot in the same cemetery, with her Burt grandparents.



Left, Rosa Lee Burt Hastings



Right, (from right), John W. Hastings; sons John, George, Joe; son-in-law Ed Jones; grandson George Hastings, Jr. (About 1955.)

II. OTHER ANCESTORS OF JOHN W. HASTINGS

Other than the individuals described above, the only ancestors of John W. Hastings that I have yet traced are his maternal grandparents. As noted above, Joseph R. Hastings, the father of John W. Hastings, married Almira M. Ross, who had been born in Tennessee about 1846. I have found census records indicating that Almira was the daughter of John W. and Caroline H. Ross. (The records do not provide Caroline's maiden name; they do not indicate whether her middle initial H. stood for her maiden name or a pre-marriage middle name.) The 1850 census record shows John and Caroline living with three children, including the three-year old Almira, in Bradley County, Tennessee, where John was a farmer. The 1860 and 1870 census records indicate that sometime around 1856, the family moved to Georgia, where two children were born, then on to Arkansas before 1860. The 1860 and 1870 census records show the family then living in Independence County, Healing Springs Township, Arkansas, where John was still engaged in farming. The 1860 record indicates that John then owned real property worth \$1000 and personal property worth \$500; in 1870, the respective figures are \$4000 and \$400.

The census records show that John was born about 1823 in North Carolina, and that Caroline was born about 1825 in Tennessee. They also indicate the following children:

- 1) Fountain Leander (son), born about 1845, Tennessee.
- *2) **Almira M., b. about 1846, Tennessee.**
- 3) James M., b. about 1849, Tennessee.
- 4) name unknown (daughter), b. about 1851, Tennessee.
- 5) William, b. about 1852, Tennessee.
- 6) Mary, b. about 1855, Tennessee.
- 7) Martha, b. about 1857, Georgia.
- 8) John H., b. about 1859, Georgia.
- 9) Sarah, b. about 1861, Arkansas.
- 10) name unknown (son), b. about 1863, Arkansas.
- 11) Susan, b. about 1866, Arkansas.
- 12) name unknown (son), b. about 1868, Arkansas.

I have not found John W. or Caroline H. Ross in any records after 1870. I do note, however, that in the 1880 census records, two of their adult sons--brothers of Almira Ross Hastings--are listed as living in White County, Gray Township, Arkansas, where Almira also lived at the time.

III. ANCESTORS OF ROSA LEE BURT HASTINGS

In reporting upon the ancestors of my grandmother, Rosa Lee Burt Hastings, I am blessed with having received two family histories which were apparently prepared by her uncle, Samuel

Martin Turner, about 1942. One is entitled "Some of Franklin Burt's Descendants," the other "Descendants of Thomas Turner and Elizabeth Newland." I have supplemented that information by my own research into census and other records, as well as interviews with family members. (With respect to information in the following pages of this history as to which I do not indicate another source, such data is likely taken from one of the two documents prepared by Sam Turner.)

To follow the history below, again I recommend reference to the genealogical chart for Rosa Lee Burt, attached as page 2B above. I will organize this material under the three most common family names of Rosa's ancestors, Burt, Turner, and Martin. Unlike the case with respect to the Hastings line, I will organize this material in reverse chronological order.

A. The Burt Line.

1. John Herndon Burt(1851-1930) and Evaline Turner(1861-1944)

The parents of Rosa Lee Burt were John Herndon Burt and Evaline Ann Turner. John Herndon Burt was born on August 10, 1851, on the family farm four miles northwest of Auxvasse (Callaway County), Missouri. (Auxvasse is itself about 20 miles northeast of Columbia.) His father was Franklin Burt and his mother's maiden name had been Martha Craig. John was apparently the second youngest child in a family of ten children. (See section below concerning Franklin Burt and Martha Craig.) As a young adult he participated in the farming business, operating threshing machines along with three of his brothers, James, Hiram, and Nathaniel. In the 1880 census, those three brothers and John's father are all listed as farmers and heads of households in Callaway County, Jackson Township, Missouri, while John is listed as living with Nathaniel and also making his living as a farmer.

While her future husband John Burt was growing up in Auxvasse, Evaline Ann Turner was born on June 8, 1861, in the next county, Boone County, Missouri, on the farm of her parents, Squire Turner and Martha Ann Martin.³¹ She was the third of ten children in the family. Soon after Evaline's birth her father joined the Confederate Army, and returned to the family only after an extended period as a prisoner of war. Evaline spent her early childhood in Missouri, probably on farmland that her father had inherited near Columbia in Boone County. In 1876, however, the family's farm was sold for debt, and they began a series of moves which took them to Atchison County, Missouri; Nebraska; Callaway County, Missouri; back to Boone County; and then back to Callaway County. The teen-aged Evaline, then, must have relocated with the family during at least the first three of these moves.

On the evening of April 20, 1881, John Herndon Burt, then aged 29, and Evaline Ann Turner, then 20, were married at the home of her father Squire Turner, two miles northeast of Auxvasse.³² The newlywed couple resided at a farm home just a quarter-mile from John's birthplace near Auxvasse. There, Evaline, who was also known as "Eva" or "Evie," gave birth to a son, Franklin Turner Burt, on August 10, 1882, and a daughter, Rosa Lee Burt, on July 14, 1884.³³

In February 1889, John and Evaline Burt purchased a house in the town of Beebe, Arkansas, where John found work as a carpenter. At about the same time--it is not clear who moved first--Evaline's parents, Squire and Martha Ann Turner, also moved to Beebe. (In the 1890 Beebe property tax records, John Burt is listed as a property owner, while Squire Turner is not listed. Thus, it may be that Squire and Martha lived in their daughter's house during their time in Beebe.) Four years later, Squire Turner and his wife returned to Missouri. But John and Evaline Burt remained in Beebe, where they were to finish raising their children and to live the rest of their lives. John spent many years as a carpenter and clerk at the Beebe furniture and casket-making business of John P. Williams. He was elected to the Beebe town council several times. Eventually, John and Eva



John and Evaline Burt, with son Franklin, daughter Rosa (1890's).

acquired a house on the road leading out of Beebe toward Lonoke (now Route 31). They occupied this house for the rest of their lives. This house stood as of early 1996; the address at that time was 501 S. Main Street.

The two children of John and Eva, Rosa Lee and Franklin Turner (known as Turner), after being educated in the Beebe public schools, each married and themselves settled in Beebe in the early 1900's. Twelve grandchildren were born, and all spent much of their early lives in Beebe. In fact, for some period of time, Rosa's family and Franklin's family each lived in houses located right next to John and Eva's house. (The 1910 census, indeed, shows the three families living in adjoining dwellings in that year.) The grandchildren got to know their Burt grandparents well, and have fond memories of the kindly and gentle nature of their grandparents. One grandchild remembers that John, who walked with a cane and was somewhat portly in his later years, could be identified from far off as he walked the streets by his distinctive gait, as he tipped from side-to-side with each step. His return from work each evening was eagerly awaited by the grandchildren.³⁴

John Herndon Burt died in Beebe on March 9, 1930.³⁵ He was buried in the Beebe Cemetery on March 10, in a casket that he had made himself.³⁶ After John's death, his widow took boarders into the house to support herself.³⁷ Evaline Ann Turner Burt, who had been known to her Hastings grandchildren as "Granny Burt," died on January 25, 1944. In her will, she left the house to her husband's former employer, John P. Williams. The will explained that Williams had loaned the family \$850 but she had been unable to repay it, and therefore she left the house to repay the debt. Both John and Eva are buried in marked graves at the Beebe Cemetery, in a plot that also contains the graves of their son Franklin Turner Burt, who was killed in a train accident in 1921, and their granddaughter Mary Lee Hastings Burks.

2. Franklin Burt(1809-1889) and Martha Craig(1817-1872).

As noted above, the parents of John Herndon Burt were Franklin Burt and Martha Craig. Considerable information as to these two is available from the 1850, 1860, and 1880 census records, and from a local history book concerning Callaway County, Missouri, which contains a biographical sketch about Franklin.³⁸

Franklin Burt was born in Scott County, Kentucky, on March 17, 1809. His parents were William Burt and Sarah, whose maiden name had been Greenup. Martha Craig was born in January of 1817 in that same state. Franklin and Martha married on October 3, 1833, in Scott County, where they remained for two years. In the fall of 1835, they moved to Callaway County, Missouri, near the

town of Auxvasse, where all of their children were born. The biographical sketch mentioned above indicates that Franklin started with 320 acres of land, eventually expanding that to 1200 acres, which he farmed and also used for raising cattle and mules. The 1850 census indicates that Franklin was then farming land worth \$4000 that he owned in Callaway County. The couple had eight children by then, most of whom attended school.³⁹ The 1860 census shows the couple living in Callaway County, Liberty Township, farming real property worth \$22,000 and owning personal property worth \$5000. The 1860 census also indicates that Franklin's eldest son William, then 25, also had a smaller farm nearby. I also have found land records showing a series of land purchases by Franklin in the Auxvasse area between 1835 and 1856.⁴⁰

Census records and the county history indicate that Franklin and Martha Burt had the following children:

- 1) William B., born about 1834.
- 2) James R., b. about 1837.
- 3) Mary Ellen, b. about 1840.
- 4) Nancy Jane, b. about 1842.
- 5) Samuel Edward, b. about 1844.
- 6) Hiram Winfield, b. about 1845.
- 7) Sally Ann, b. about 1847.
- 8) Nathaniel Craig, b. about 1849.
- *9) John Herndon, b. August 10, 1851.**
- 10) Amanda Martin.

The biographical sketch reports that Nancy and Samuel each died in 1874 (the latter apparently in some type of military action). It also reports that the rest of the children in 1884 still lived in the Callaway County area, with the exception of William.

Martha Craig Burt died on October 11, 1872. On November 1, 1876, Franklin married Bettie V. Cochran, 51, the widow of William Cochran of neighboring Boone County, Missouri. In the 1880 census record, Franklin appears with Betty living on a farm in Jackson Township of Callaway County. Two servants also lived in the household. Also in the 1880 census, three of Franklin's adult sons--James, Nathaniel, and Hiram--are also listed as farmers and heads of households in the same township.

Prior to the civil war, Franklin served as the local justice of the peace for about twenty years, and also as a property assessor for two years. He and his second wife were also members of the local Baptist church. Apparently, as his children came of age he gave them each some of his farmland, so that by 1884 his own holdings were reduced to 160 acres northwest of the town of Clinton, Missouri.

Another local history book⁴¹ offers the following additional description of Franklin Burt:

Mr. Burt is an honest, industrious, jovial gentleman, and a worthy and highly respected citizen. He says that when he first settled in Callaway County he raised large quantities of watermelons every year, of which he could eat more than any other man living; his daily allowance being from fifteen to twenty large ones.

Franklin Burt died on October 24, 1889. He and his first wife, Martha, are buried in a small Burt family cemetery northwest of Auxvasse, on E Road about one mile west of U.S. Highway 54.

3. William Burt(1776-?) and Sarah Greenup

William Burt was born in Culpepper, Virginia, in 1776.⁴² His parents were Moses Burt and Hannah, whose maiden name had been Gru. With his family, he moved to Scott County, Kentucky, in 1783. He married Sarah Greenup, also known as Sallie, who was originally from the Chesapeake shore of Maryland. Sarah, who according to the 1830 census was born between 1770 and 1780, was the daughter of Samuel Greenup, whose brother was Governor of Kentucky. The couple had at least eight children, named Julia A., Polly, Franklin (born 1809), Susan, Emily, Amanda, James, and Sarah. The family is listed as living in Scott County, Kentucky, in both the 1820 and 1830 censuses. Sometime after 1830, William and Sarah Burt and their children other than Franklin moved from Kentucky to Indiana. Polly died in Kentucky, however, before that move.

4. Moses Burt(1759-?) and Hannah Gru

Ship passenger records indicate that Moses Burt arrived in Philadelphia in 1774 on a ship known simply as the *Mary*. The ship had sailed from London on about October 17, 1774. The record lists Moses as 15 years of age, meaning that he had probably been born about 1759. His occupation is listed as "husbandman," apparently indicating that he had been an agricultural worker. He had traveled, as did most of the immigrants of that time, as an "indentured servant," which meant that someone else had paid his passage in return for his legally enforceable promise to work for a period of years once in America. The ship's record lists his residence as of the time of immigration as Somerset, which is in England. Another record, however, ⁴³ indicates that Moses was a native of Germany, so the precise truth of his origin is unclear.⁴⁴

One history⁴⁵ states that after his emigration, Moses first lived in New Jersey, then about 1776 married Hannah Gru⁴⁶ and

moved to Culpepper County, Virginia. In 1783, he moved to Scott County, Kentucky, where he lived the rest of his life. Moses had ten children, six sons and four daughters. His sons were William, Benjamin, Joseph, Richard, John, and James. Joseph and James both fought and died in the War of 1812, with James said to have been killed in the naval battle of Lake Erie. Benjamin and Richard lived and died in Kentucky, while John settled in Indiana.

B. The Craig line

As noted above, the wife of Franklin Burt was named Martha Craig. I have not yet definitely identified the parents of Martha Craig, but my research has uncovered the name of a man who is most likely her father. That is, in the 1830 Scott County, Kentucky, census record there is listed a household of Anthony Craig, only three names under the household of William Burt, the father of Franklin Burt. Unfortunately, the listing for Anthony Craig does not state whether any other persons lived in his household, nor his age. But, based upon the information currently available, it seems likely that that this close 1830 neighbor of William Burt, Anthony Craig, was the father of Martha Craig, who married Franklin Burt in Scott County on October 3, 1833.

C. The Turner line.

1. Squire Turner(1831-1908) and Martha Martin(1838-1925).

As noted above, the mother of Rosa Lee Burt was Evaline Ann Turner, and Evaline's parents, in turn, were Squire S. Turner and Martha Ann Martin. Squire Turner was born on October 6, 1831, at the family farm located six miles southeast of Columbia, Missouri.⁴⁷ His parents were Thomas Turner and Elizabeth Newland Turner, who had recently moved to that location from Kentucky. Squire was the youngest of eleven children, the others of whom had been born before the move from Kentucky. Squire's father died when the boy was only three years old, and his mother died when he was only 12. After his mother's death, Squire lived first with an aunt named Annie Gillispie, then later with two of his older brothers, Thomas and Mordecai. As a young man, Squire worked for a time as a carpenter, then about 1849 journeyed to California to prospect for gold. (Thus, Squire Turner was part of the most famous "gold rush" in American history, to the San Francisco area in 1849-1850, which resulted in the "49ers" nickname so familiar to present-day football fans.)

Meanwhile, Martha Ann Martin was born on March 5, 1838, most likely in Callaway County, Missouri. Her father was Samuel P. Martin, a farmer, but her mother's name is unknown. Martha was

likely the fourth of eight children born to her mother and father (although her father probably had one more child with a second wife--see section on the Martins below).

After Squire Turner returned to Missouri from his gold-hunting expedition to California (evidently he did not "strike it rich"), he and Martha Ann Martin were married on February 14, 1854. He was 22 years of age, she about 16. They set up housekeeping, probably on a 240-acre tract of land that Squire's father had owned near Columbia.⁴⁷ Squire farmed the land, and is also said to have taken a special delight in his fruit orchard. The 1860 census indicates that Squire's farm was located in Columbia Township in Boone County and had a value of \$4000, while the family also owned personal property worth \$1200. There, Martha Ann gave birth to probably the first eight of their children. Squire became a charter member of the Olivet church, and one of its first deacons.⁴⁸ He is also reported to have been a "staunch Democrat" politically.

After the Civil War broke out, Squire enlisted in the Confederate Army. While I have not yet found his military records, Squire's son Sam Turner has reported that Squire was ultimately taken prisoner by the Union army. He was held for a time in a temporary prison camp set up on the campus of McDowell College in St. Louis, then transferred to the prison in Alton, Illinois, where conditions were extremely hard for the prisoners-of-war. Squire survived, however, and returned to his farm near Columbia.

Squire apparently faltered financially, and in 1876 his farm was sold for debt. The family then began a series of moves which took them to Atchison County, Missouri; Nebraska; Callaway County, Missouri; back to Boone County; and then back to Callaway County. (In the 1880 census, the family is listed as living in Jackson Township of Callaway County. At that time, Martha's father, Samuel P. Martin, then aged 71, also lived with the family.) In 1889, Squire and Martha moved to Beebe, Arkansas, at about the same time that his daughter Evaline moved there with her husband, John Herndon Burt. Four years later, however, Squire and Martha moved back to Missouri, settling on 30 acres near Auxvasse that reportedly came from the Martin family.

Squire and Martha Turner had the following children:

- 1) John H., born about 1856.
- 2) Mary Jane, b. about 1859 (died in childhood).
- *3) **Evaline Ann, b. June 8, 1861.**
- 4) Samuel Martin, b. about 1864.
- 5) Annie Bradford, b. about 1867.
- 6) Rosa Lee (died in infancy).
- 7) Thomas Edmund, b. about 1874.
- 8) Joel Smith (died in infancy).

- 9) William Lawrence, b. after 1880.
- 10) Lillie Florence, b. after 1880.

Squire and Martha probably lived the rest of their days, after 1893, on the Auxvasse farm. Squire died at the age of 76, on May 3, 1908. Martha lived until April 14, 1925, when she died at the age of 87. Both are said to be buried in the "Martin cemetery" in Auxvasse.

2. Thomas Turner (1785?-1834) and Elizabeth Newland (1785?-1844)

The parents of Squire Turner were Thomas Turner and Elizabeth Newland Turner. We know little about their origins and early lives, but at least some facts about their adult lives.

The 1830 census record for the Thomas Turner household in Boone County, Missouri, shows that both Thomas and Elizabeth were then each between 40 and 50 years of age, indicating that each was born sometime between 1780 and 1790. Also, the 1880 census record for their son, Squire Turner, indicates that Thomas was born in Kentucky and Elizabeth in Virginia.⁴⁹

The history written by their grandson, Sam Turner, indicates that Thomas and Elizabeth lived as a married couple in Kentucky⁵⁰ for many years, there giving birth to the first ten of their eleven children. That history also states that the couple was "well-to-do" for their day, with "large slave holdings." In 1828, they migrated by wagon train westward to Missouri, where they obtained land about six miles south of Columbia, in Boone County. There, they built first a log cabin and later a brick house. There, they are listed in the 1830 census record for Boone County, Columbia Township. There, the couple's last child, Squire, was born in 1831.

Thomas and Elizabeth Turner had the following children: ⁵¹

- 1) Abraham Newland Turner.
- 2) Talitha Turner.
- 3) James Turner, probably born between 1800 and 1810.
- 4) Lourana Turner.
- 5) Mordecai Turner, born between 1815 and 1820.
- 6) Andrew J. Turner, b. between 1815 and 1820.
- 7) Elizabeth Turner, b. between 1820 and 1825.
- 8) Mary Turner, b. between 1825 and 1828.
- 9) Thomas Turner, b. between 1825 and 1828.
- 10) Martha Turner, b. between 1825 and 1828.
- *11) Squire S. Turner, b. October 6, 1831.

Thomas Turner died about 1834, and his wife Elizabeth Newland Turner died some ten years later. They are both said to be buried on their homestead near Columbia.

D. The Martin Line.

As noted above, the maternal grandmother of Rosa Lee Burt Hastings was Martha Ann Martin. Below, I will list some information concerning Martha's parents and grandmother.

The father of Martha Ann Martin was Samuel P. Martin, a farmer who was born in Kentucky about 1809. What little we know about him is contained in census records for 1850, 1860, and 1880. In the 1850 record, Samuel is listed as farming land valued at \$3000 in Callaway County, Missouri, with eight children in his household. The record does not list a wife, however, perhaps indicating that Samuel's wife had died by that time. Moreover, the youngest child listed in the 1850 record was only two years old, perhaps meaning that the children's mother had died quite recently.⁵²

In the 1860 census, Samuel is listed as a farmer in Callaway County, Liberty Township, farming land worth \$4440. Again, no wife is listed, but, interestingly, a child not in the 1850 census is now listed: Samuel P. Martin, age 7. This may indicate that the elder Samuel had remarried after 1850 and had one more child, but lost his second wife by 1860.

A listing of the children of the elder Samuel P. Martin, as shown by the 1850 and 1860 census records, follows:

- 1) James W., born about 1830.
- 2) John Thomas, b. about 1834.
- 3) Henry W., b. about 1837.
- *4) Martha Ann, b. about 1838.**
- 5) Edmund W., b. about 1842.
- 6) America (daughter), b. about 1843.
- 7) Fanny R., b. about 1846.
- 8) Lucy J., b. about 1848.
- 9) Samuel P., b. about 1853.

The elder Samuel P. Martin also appears in the 1880 census record, listed as living in the household of his daughter and son-in-law, Martha and Squire Turner. Then 71, Samuel is listed as a disabled, retired farmer. I have found no further record of Samuel after 1880.

As to the parents of the elder Samuel P. Martin, the 1880 census record for Samuel indicates that both his parents were born in Virginia. Further, the 1850 census record shows that Samuel's mother, the 80-year-old Peggy Martin, was then living with Samuel in Callaway County, Missouri. Thus, while Peggy Martin's maiden name is unknown, we know that she was born in Virginia about 1770. She is not listed in the 1860 census with her son, probably meaning that she died between 1850 and 1860.

IV. DESCENDANTS OF JOHN AND ROSA HASTINGS

I will divide this section according to the children of John and Rosa.

A. Evelyn Hastings Jones (1907-1976)

Evelyn Magdeline Hastings, first child of John and Rosa Hastings, was born on September 18, 1907, in Beebe. She married Edward Allen Jones, an Arkansas beer and softdrink distributor, on July 30, 1926, and gave birth to three daughters: Bobbie Claire, born 1928; Betty Ann, February 17, 1931; and Peggy Lou, 1933. The family lived in North Little Rock. Evelyn died on December 30, 1976. Ed remarried, to the widow of his brother. He died on June 30, 1995.

As to Evelyn's first child, Bobbie Claire Jones, I have no information, except that she died around 1990.

Evelyn's second child, Betty Ann, married Winston Mack Risner, known as Mack, on April 11, 1950. Mack, originally from Walcott, Arkansas, retired after a 21-year Air Force career in 1968. Betty gave birth to Steven Edward Risner on March 15, 1951, and Rosemary Risner on July 19, 1952. Both Betty and Mack also had extensive careers with the U.S. civil service. They are now retired and live in Navarre, Florida. Betty's son Steve married Teresa Elizabeth Kennedy in 1978, and has two children: Timothy James, born 28 Oct 1987, and Olivia Clare, born 17 Feb 1992. Steve and his family currently live in Longwood, Florida. Betty's daughter Rosemary married Donald Glenn Morgan in 1975. They had two children, Noelani Esrauce, born 15 May 1976, and Jade Lokelani, born 30 Oct 1978. Rosemary is divorced and lives in Hawaii.

The third child of Evelyn, Peggy Lou, married Gene Rhodes of Knightstown, Indiana, in Knightstown in 1957. Gene also had an Air Force career. Their children are Myron, born about 1959, and Kim, born about 1961. Gene and Peggy are now retired, and live in North Little Rock. Their son Myron, who currently is in the travel business in Dallas, has two children by his first marriage: Michelle, born about 1982, and Mallory, born about 1985. Myron also has a stepson from his current marriage. Peggy's daughter Kim married Carl Tobias "Toby" White, and has a daughter, Amber, born about 1983. Toby and Kim live in the Little Rock area.

B. John W. Hastings, Jr. (1910-1991)

John W. Hastings, Jr., known throughout his life as "Bloss" or "Bus," was born in February of 1910 in Beebe. On June 8, 1929, Bus married Josephine Munderlyn, who had been born on April 20, 1912, in Lonoke. The couple lived for a few years in Polk

County, Arkansas, but lived most of their lives in Lonoke. After 1956, they lived at 320 Wright Street in Lonoke, in a house that had previously been owned by Josephine's parents. Bus worked for the Arkla gas company, and Josephine worked in the county courthouse only a few yards from their back door at the Wright Street house, which stood in the shade of a huge pecan tree. Bus died in 1991, and is buried in a cemetery about 2 1/2 miles east of Lonoke. Josephine remained in the Wright Street house until late 1998, when she moved in with her son in Batesville.

John and Josephine's only child, Donald Wayne, was born on December 8, 1935. He married Madeline Darlene Lamb, known as Darlene, who had been born in Little Rock on September 10, 1940. Their children, born while the couple lived in Conway, Arkansas, were Donald Douglas (known as Douglas) (born 1960), David Michael (1962), and Deborah Denise (1966). Donald and Darlene now live in Batesville, Arkansas.

Donald and Darlene's oldest son, Douglas, married Jaqueline George about 1988. Douglas' brother, David, an Air Force pilot and later a commercial pilot, married Rebecca Lamb of North Little Rock, and they now live in Valonia, Arkansas. David and Rebecca have two girls, Jessica and Michelle, born in the mid-1980's. Deborah Denise, third child of Donald and Darlene, whose married name is Gay, currently lives in Batesville with her husband and son Christopher, born about 1993.

C. George Leo Hastings (1917-1983)

George Leo Hastings, fifth child of John and Rosa Hastings, was born on December 10, 1917, in Beebe. He was known as Leo in Arkansas, but later in life in Michigan was known as George. In the fall of 1934 he dropped out of high school to seek employment in Detroit, staying at first with his aunt, Cora Bailey. George enlisted in the Army Air Force⁵³ in the summer of



Left, George Leo Hastings; right, John W. Hastings with son George Leo, grandson George Jr., about 1955.

1941. After the U.S. entered World War II, he became a radioman and gunner on a B-24 bomber crew, flying a number of missions over Europe. He survived a crash landing after his plane was shot down over Romania in 1943.

On February 4, 1946, in Detroit, George married Helen Pettke of Detroit. They resided thereafter in Detroit and later in Plymouth, Michigan, where Helen gave birth to George Leo Jr. (24 July 1953), Thomas Herndon (10 Dec 1954), and Mary Margery (24 May 1957). George retired from Michigan Bell Telephone after a 31-year career in 1977. He died of lung cancer on April 1, 1983. His widow, Helen, still lives in Plymouth.

George's eldest son, George Jr., is a judge with a federal court in Washington, D.C., and lives in Vienna, Virginia, with his wife, Gail Anne Brodfuehrer, and their children William George Hastings (born 31 Mar 1991), Helen Brodfuehrer Hastings (23 Apr 1994), and Emma Brodfuehrer Hastings (1 May 1996). George Jr.'s brother, Tom, lives in Rosemeade, California. Their sister, Mary Margery, married George Gregory Abick of Allen Park, Michigan, in 1989, and lives in Plymouth.

D. Dorothy Deane Hastings Osterbeck(1920-1997)

Dorothy Deane Hastings, the sixth child of John and Rosa Hastings, was born about 1920, in Beebe. About 1930, Dorothy was sent to live with her aunt, Cora Hastings Bailey, in Detroit. About 1940, Dorothy married Frederick "Fritz" Osterbeck of Detroit, where she resided thereafter and gave birth to two sons, Fred Jr. about 1941 and John a few years later. Fred Jr. and his wife, Mary Ann, an attorney, have two sons, Matt (born about 1971) and Heath (born about 1973). Fred and Mary Ann live in East China, Michigan, while Matt lives in Detroit. Dorothy's second son, John, was a Detroit police officer. He and his wife, Brenda, had a number of children. John and Brenda were divorced, and John now lives in the Las Vegas area.

E. Joe Franklin Hastings(born 1922)

Joe Franklin Hastings, the seventh and youngest child of John and Rosa Hastings, was born on March 5, 1922, in Stuttgart. Joe graduated from Beebe High School in 1942, after playing on an undefeated football team in 1940 and an Arkansas state champion basketball team in 1941. During World War II, Joe joined the Marines and fought at Iwo Jima, Guam, and other South Pacific actions. On February 5, 1946, Joe married Peggy Mongold, a native of Oklahoma whose family had moved to Beebe. Joe purchased the lot next to his parents' house on Hickory Street, where he and Peggy moved into a small house that Joe and his father built themselves (201 N. Hickory Street, still standing in 1996). Joe was principal of the Beebe elementary school for several years, living in Beebe until 1953. He had a career in the Arkansas

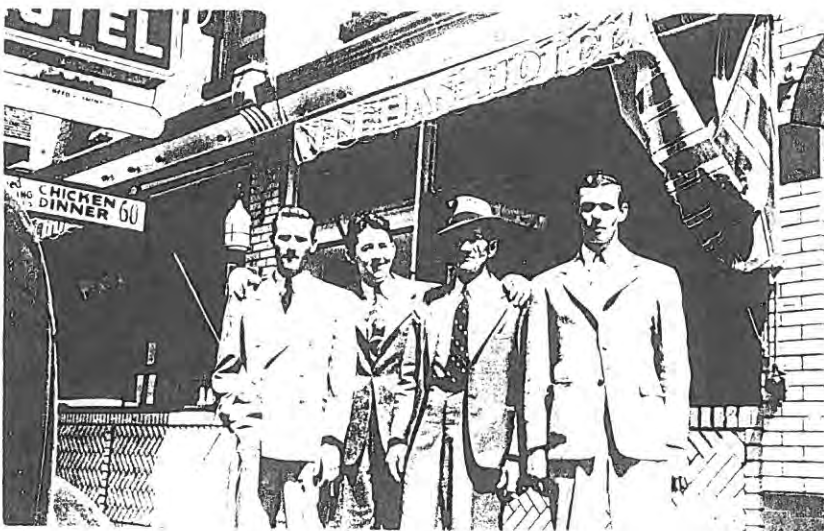
National Guard, eventually rising to the rank of colonel before he retired to work in the private sector. He and Peggy had four children, Peggy Jo (born 30 Nov 1946), Karen Sue (1950), Lloyd (known as Butch) (31 Jan 1953), and Mark (1959). The family lived at Camp Robinson (in the Little Rock area) from 1953 through 1964, then in the Sylvan Hills area of North Little Rock until 1988, when Joe and Peggy moved back to Beebe, purchasing a house at 607 Oak Street.

Joe's oldest daughter, Peggy Jo, married about 1964 and had two daughters, Deborah (born about 1969) and Karen'Jo (born about 1971). After a divorce, she married Robert Gay, an Internal Revenue Service agent, in 1977; she and Robert raised her two daughters and Robert's two sons from his prior marriage, Jason and Jarrod. They live in North Little Rock. Peggy Jo's daughters are both married and each has two children. Deborah has Tyler, born about 1992, and Katie Jo, born about 1993; Karen Jo has Victoria, born about 1990, and Alexandra, born about 1992.

Joe's second daughter, Karen Sue, married George Regan, and they live in Sherwood, Arkansas. Their daughter Susan, born about 1980, currently attends Central Arkansas University.

Joe's third child, Lloyd, and his wife, Paula, have two children, Nathaniel (born May 5, 1982) and Sarah (born September 1983). They have lived in a number of places in Arkansas, including Calico Rock, but since the late 1980's have lived in Beebe, where they built a house in the early 1990's. Lloyd runs his own business involving blood analysis.

Joe's youngest child, Mark, currently lives in Beebe, where he is employed by Arkansas State University.



Left, George, friend, John W., Joe, 1940; right(l-r), John Osterbeck, George Jr., Peggy Jo, Tom, Karen, and Lloyd Hastings, 1955.

V. FUTURE EDITIONS OF THIS HISTORY,
AND HOW YOU CAN ASSIST

In future additions of this history, I hope to add much additional material concerning our ancestors who lived in the 19th, 18th, or perhaps even earlier centuries. But I would also like to add to the section immediately above, listing all persons who are descendants John and Rosa Hastings and of other individuals profiled in this history. The purpose of the descendants section is simply to create a handy tool for your descendants and mine to use in the future to trace their roots. It will, I hope, give such descendants an easy way to trace their own family relationship to the people profiled in this history. However, as you can see, there is still a certain amount of information missing from this descendants section, and my guess is that there are some mistakes in it as well. To get the missing information or correct any mistakes, I will need your help. If you would like to participate, one way could be to fill out the "Family Group Sheet" that comes as the next page in this history. Put down any information that you wish, and feel free to leave out any information that you don't want to list. (Don't feel obligated to fill in every blank; any information will help. If you know a year or approximate year for a birth but not the exact date, please put that down.) If you have any children or grandchildren that are married and/or have their own families, please photocopy the Family Group Sheet and fill out one sheet for each married couple or family. Then mail the sheet or sheets to me. Or send me information or corrections in any other way that you can think of, including by phone. I will be sure that you get a copy of the next edition of this family history, whenever that may be. Thank you for any help that you can give me in this regard, and please remember that if you do so, it may mean that some day some of your descendants or other relatives, perhaps people that never even met you, will get a great amount of pleasure from the opportunity to learn about their family roots.

I also note that in future editions of this history, I would love to be able to use more pictures of my ancestors and relatives. Please share with me any that you might have--I would be happy, of course, to make a copy of whatever you have and to return the original to you. Also, if anyone knows of any movie camera film that includes my father (George Leo Hastings), or any pre-1970 movie camera film of anybody in our family, please let me know.

George L. Hastings, Jr.
(February 1999)

Address: George Hastings Phone: Home (703) 281-4074
 439 West Ct. Office (202) 504-2186
 Vienna, VA 22180

FAMILY GROUP SHEET

HUSBAND _____
 Born _____ Place _____
 Married _____ Place _____
 Occupation _____ Resided at _____
 Church Affil. _____ War Serv. _____
 Died _____ Place _____ Sheet submitted by: _____
 Buried _____ Place _____
 Other wives _____
 Father _____
 Mother (maiden name) _____ SOURCES: _____

WIFE _____
 Born _____ Place _____
 Church Affil. _____ Occupation _____
 Died _____ Place _____
 Buried _____ Place _____
 Other husb. _____
 Father _____
 Mother (maiden name) _____

CHILDREN	BORN		DIED		MARRIED		
	When	Where	When	Where	To Whom	When	Where
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							

VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT HASTINGS AND RELATED FAMILIES

A. Additional information about descendants of James B. Hastings (1824-1901) through his children other than Joseph R.

Hastings

A) **John P. Hastings** (second son of James B. Hastings), b. 1846; farmer, Confederate Civil War veteran; married abt 1864 to Tennessee ?, who was b. in Tenn. abt 1850. Known children:

- 1) James B., b. Apr. 1865.
- 2) Joseph, b. abt 1869, probably died before 1880.
- 3) Dicy H. (daughter), b. 1872.
- 4) William D., b. Aug 1874; married 1894 to Lula; resided Faulkner Co., Ark.(1900). Children: Bertha, b. Apr 1897; Wilmore (daughter), b. Dec 1899.
- 5) Cary M. (daughter), b. 1879.
- 6) Marion O. (son), b. Jun 1881; farmer; resided Searcy Co. (1910, 1920); married Mary Kate, who was born in Ark.
- 7) Walter S., b. Feb 1885; farmer; resided Searcy Co., Ark; married Martha. Ch: Marcell(d), b. 1909; Essie(d), 1912; Cort(s), 1914; Cordia(d), 1914; Mattie(d), 1916.

B) **Wesley A. Hastings** (son of James B. Hastings), b. abt 1870; resided Cleburne Co., Ark.(1900, 1910, 1920 censuses); married 1891 to Lilly Logan, who was b. Nov. 1871, Ala. Ch: Icey (d), b. Nov. 1892; Gracie L., b. Feb 1894; Averil M. (d), b. Aug 1895, died 1904.

B. Additional information about descendants of Joseph R. Hastings (1848-1899) through his children other than John W. Hastings

A) **Martha Hastings** (daughter of Joseph R.), b. abt 1867; resided in Michigan; Myrtle Grey, who resided in Oscoda, Michigan (1960's), was Martha's daughter.⁵⁴

B) **William Hastings** (son of Joseph R.), b. abt 1868; lived in Wyoming; had a daughter named Josie.⁵⁵

C) **Thomas W. Hastings** (son of Joseph R.), b. Aug 1873; Ark., never married⁵⁶; listed in Little Rock in 1910 and 1920 censuses as living with his mother; listed as carpenter who built houses. See photograph of him above.

D) **Forrest A. Hastings** (son of Joseph R.), b. Nov. 1875; operated sawmill in Humphrey, Ark; resided Beebe, Ark.(1910), Prairie Co., Ark. (1920); married three times--1 Bettie, b. 1877; 2 Ollie, b. 1875 in Ark. Children (with Betty): Myra M., b. abt 1905; Forrest Jr. "Jack," b. abt 1909. Forrest is said to buried in a national cemetery in Ark.; son or grandson Jack may now live in Memphis.⁵⁷

D) **Cora Hastings** (daughter of Joseph R.), b. Dec 1878; married Mr. Bailey; resided Detroit area, later Pasadena, California; died July 10, 1974; buried Rose Hill Memorial Park, Pasadena; son Thomas Bailey was a prosecutor and later an elected judge in Ingham County, Michigan, later lived in Hawaii.

E) **George Edgar Hastings** (son of Joseph R.), b. July 17, 1885; operated streetcar in California; married Margaret; died April 28, 1958, National City, California.⁵⁸

C. Additional information about children of Thomas Turner
(1785?-1834) other than Squire S. Turner, as supplied in Sam
Turner histories

- Abraham Newland Turner: married to Nancy O'Neale, later to Mrs. Miranda Gillispie; resided 8 miles N.E. of Columbia, MO.
- Talitha Turner: m. George Newland; lived 5 mi. SE of Rocheport
- James Turner: m. Sally Conley; resided 6 mi. E of Columbia; buried at Olivet church.
- Lourana Turner: m. to Edward Jerman, later to Charles Carter; resided in Audrain County.
- Mordecai Turner: m. Arthusa Hubbard; resided Boone County; buried in Mount Zion cemetery.
- Andrew J. Turner: m. Jane Davis; resided, buried in California
- Elizabeth Turner: m. to Irvine Sims, later to Garland Sims; resided in Audrain County.
- Mary Turner: m. Perry Lynes; resided Boone County.
- Thomas Turner: m. Lucinda Fowler, later Mrs. Parlee Crews; resided near Columbia; buried at Olivet church.
- Martha Turner: m. Greenup Hubbard; resided Carroll County.

D. Additional information about children of Squire S. Turner
(1831-1907) other than Evaline Turner, as supplied in Sam
Turner histories.

(Note that information concerning children and residences was collected about 1942.)

- John H. Turner: bachelor; died at Beebe, Ark., Oct 14, 1926.
- Samuel Martin Turner: m. Laura G. Olds; resided at Auxvasse, but had two short stints working in Little Rock and Beebe on newspapers.
- Annie Bradford Turner: m. T.J. Burns; resided Little Rock, Ark. Children: 1) Nina Alma, who m. Rengaw Daniel Wagner, lived at Little Rock and St. Louis, had children Myrtle Alma, Violet Anna, Etta May, Kathleen, Rengaw Daniel, Frank Jessie and Imogene; 2) Martha Washington, who married Wm. H. Godsey, lived at Little Rock, and had ch. Mattie Jean and two more; 3) Elihu Squire (died in infancy); 4) Thomas Turner (died in infancy); 5) Jessie Annie (died in infancy); 6) William;

- 7) Rosa May (died as child); 8) Katie Evelyn (died as child).
- Thomas Edmund: m. Merle Thomas, later Nannie May Thomas; lived at Winifred, Montana; ch. Madison Sawyer (b. ca 1906), Dorothy Merle.
- William Lawrence: m. Martha Henderson, resided McCredie, MO.
- Lillie Florence: m. Lee Garwood, later Henry James; resided St. Louis. Children: Otis Stanley, Lucille, and George Thomas Garwood; three by James.

E. Additional information about Franklin Turner Burt and descendants.

(Note that some of the information concerning children and residences was taken from Sam Turner's 1942 history. Other information was given to me in 1996 by Sandy Burt-Jones.)

•**Franklin Turner Burt**-- only son of John Herndon Burt; born August 10, 1882, Auxvasse, Missouri; known as Turner; carpenter/housebuilder (1910 census), later made living as auto mechanic; m. Fannie E. Campbell (b. Jan. 27, 1888, Beebe; d. Sep. 26, 1969; daughter of James F. Campbell of Beebe (1853-1934)); lived at Beebe; killed on Oct 21, 1921, when a customer, driving Turner in a car, turned in front of a speeding train as it moved through downtown Beebe; buried Beebe Cemetery; widow later lived in Little Rock. Children (all born at Beebe):

- 1) **Franklin Clarence Burt**: b. Nov 19 1906; known during younger days as "Clarence;" telegraph operator; U.S. Navy WWII; returned to Navy about 1946 and had Navy career until 1962, then worked in private sector until late 1980's; m. Hettie Belle Black (b. 1 Apr 1912, Pine Bluff, Ark.) 21 Aug. 1932; resided at Pine Bluff in 1930's; resided in Dallas after 1962 Navy retirement. Hettie died 17 Oct 1973; m. Mary Frances Sanderson 26 Jan 1975; Frances died 1993; living 1996 in Dallas, still active deacon in Royal Haven Baptist Church in Dallas.
Children (with Hettie): 1. Franklin Richard: b. 10 Nov 1933; known as "Dick;" married Annie May ?; lives in Garland, Texas; children--two boys and one girl, grown prior to 1996.
2. Saundra Jean: b. 7 Dec 1937; known as "Sandy;" m. Dennis "Casey" Jones 1960 Dallas; children Dawn Elizabeth Jones, b. 13 May 1961, Karen Marie Jones, b. 19 Jun 1962; divorced; now goes by last name Burt-Jones; living 1996 Dallas.
- 2) **Opal Odine Burt**: b. 28 Sep 1909; m. Cecil Wilkerson, an ice plant worker; resided at Little Rock; died 4 Nov 1987 North Little Rock. Child: Cecil Burt Wilkerson.
- 3) **Mary Louise Burt**: b. 31 Aug 1911; m. Chester Wilson, an employee of Little Rock Ice Company; said to be excellent dancer; resided at Longview, Texas; died in Longview in April

1996. Children: Sharon Lynn, Mary Louise.

- 4) **James Harold Burt**: b. 21 Dec 1913; known as Harold; m. Lillie Ferris of Little Rock; U.S. military service, WWII; resided at Little Rock; died before 1996. Child: Ava (Eva?) Carlene (Caroline?) Burt.
- 5) **Edwin Herbert Burt**: b. 26 Sep 1915; auto mechanic; m. Virginia Strayhorn of Beebe; still alive in 1996. (Note: One record indicates that either Edwin or his brother Harold may have had a daughter named Nancy Virginia Burt.)

FOOTNOTES

1. A tombstone that currently sits over Daniel Haston's grave lists 1735 as the year of his birth, but it is not clear where this date came from, since this stone was apparently not erected until the 1930's, according to Jim Hastings, 5400 Pernod Ave., St. Louis, MO 63139, who recently visited the site. For evidence of another possible year of birth, see fn. 3 below.

2. See *Van Buren County Journal*, Volume III, 1984, "Daniel Haston, A Family History," by Jacalyn McCoy. I have attached, at the end of my history here, the first two pages and the last page of this lengthy article by Ms. McCoy. The remainder consisted of a listing of Daniel's descendants by his children *other than* Isaac Hastings, who is my ancestor. I would be happy to supply the other pages, however, to anyone interested. I also have much other information concerning descendants of Daniel Haston and of Isaac Hastings, in addition to that contained in this history. I would be happy to supply this information, too, to anyone interested.

3. The following is taken from a genealogical history called the *Hiestand Family of Page County, Virginia*, by David B. Trimble:

Henry Hiestand was born about 1709, probably near Zurich, Switzerland, and married about 1732. He was a Mennonite and probably moved to Pennsylvania and then to Orange (now Page) County, Virginia, where he lived as early as September 22, 1743, when he bought 205 acres on the banks of the Shenandoah River

His children were as follows:

- a. Barbara Hiestand, born c1734; married _____ Hamish.
- b. Jacob Hiestand, born c1736; see page 2.
- c. Peter Hiestand, born c 1738; see page 119.
- d. Abraham Hiestand, born c 1740; see page 130.
- e. Ann Hiestand, born October 15, 1742; see page 203.
- f. John Hiestand, born c 1746; married Elizabeth _____; bought 220 acres on the south side of South Shenandoah River from James Campbell on June 23, 1777
- g. Daniel Hiestand, born c1750; married September 28, 1773, to Christina Nave.**
- h. Mary Magdalene Hiestand, born c 1752; see page 205.

It is possible that the child named Daniel Hiestand, above, is

the same person as my ancestor Daniel Haston. I hope that additional research will prove or disprove this theory.

4. See *Roster of Soldiers from North Carolina in the American Revolution*, Genealogical Publishing Co., Inc., (Baltimore 1972), page 280. Unfortunately, this roster does not record in which North Carolina unit each soldier served. The same information seems to be contained at p. 235 of a book by Lloyd Dewitt Bockstruck, same publisher as above, 1996; the name of the book may be "Revolutionary War Bounty Land Grants." (I have not yet seen the book myself; this information was passed on to me by another researcher, Sandy Burt-Jones.)

5. A book entitled *Compendium of Biography & Memorial Biographical Records*, published in 1898 by Ogle and Co., contains a biographical sketch of a descendant of Daniel Haston, William Carroll Haston. This sketch mentions that Daniel Haston had 13 children, without enumerating them.

6. The story of Isaac's military service is taken from notes made by his great-granddaughter Jessie Pritchard, who was the granddaughter of Isaac's son Jesse Axley Hastings. These notes, apparently made about 1900, are reproduced on the following page. I obtained a photocopy of the notes from Frank and Nelda Hastings (476 Spruce Street, Friday Harbour, Washington 98250). Nelda obtained them from Olive Stewart, a descendant of Jessie Pritchard. I have a copy of a beautiful family history done by Nelda that concerns Daniel Haston, Isaac Hastings, and the descendants of Isaac's son Jesse. (I have not yet had a chance to verify this information about Isaac's military service by examining U.S. military records.)

7. Source: *Hastings Herald*, a genealogy publication focused on the name Hastings, contains excerpts from that county history at Volume 12, November 1994, page 4. I have not seen a copy of the actual county history. The *Herald* is available from Dale Hastin Smith, 4204 South Conklin Street, Spokane, Washington, 99203-6235.

8. Source: see fn. above concerning notes of Jessie Pritchard.

9. The 1820 census indicates that one boy and three girl children lived in Isaac's residence at that time, but does not provide names. The boy, listed only as under ten years of age, was probably John Wesley Hastings, whose name appears in later records. The names of the girls, two of whom are listed as under 10, one between 10 and 16, however, are unknown. The two girls under ten may have been children of Agnes and Isaac, though the older girl probably was not. None of these three girls seem to be listed in the 1830 census with Isaac, indicating that they were either married or deceased by that time.

Also, the 1840 census lists a female child between the ages

of five and ten, who does not seem to appear in the 1850 census.

These records, then, perhaps indicate three female children in addition to the 13 enumerated above. But it is worth noting that in the notes of Isaac's great-granddaughter (see notes on next page) it is stated that Isaac and Agnes had 14 children.

10. Source: See notes on next page. I note that in her family history "H is for Hastings," Nelda Hastings places the year of this journey as 1857, but there is no indication of how she arrived at that date.

11. Source: See notes on next page.

12. See notes on next page.

13. Source: *Hastings Herald*, Volume 12, Nov. 1994, page 4.

14. Source: See notes on next page.

15. This information comes from an obituary of James that appeared in the Arkansas Methodist newspaper on June 12, 1901. The obituary states that his farm was located "near the place known as the Stafford Stand," and adds that James was "one of the pioneer settlers" of the county.

16. Sources: The obituary noted above, and also the Arkansas Masons' journal (available at the Arkansas History Commission-- hereinafter "AHC") for 1902, p.27.

17. Cleburne County was organized and split off from Independence County in 1883. Both Healing Springs Township and Peters Creek Township, formerly part of Independence County, became part of the new Cleburne County at that time. Heber Springs seems to be the main town of Cleburne County, and is located just south of Peters Creek Township. I am still not yet sure exactly where Wolf Bayou is located.

18. Source: Both the obituary of James that appeared in the Arkansas Methodist newspaper on June 12, 1901, and the Arkansas Masons' journal from 1902 (p. 27), indicate the date of his death.

19. Source: In 1990, John W. Hastings, Jr., reported that his father, John W. Hastings, was born in Antioch, Arkansas.

20. In the 1900 census, Almira is listed as having given birth to seven children, six of whom were then alive. In the 1910 census, however, she is listed as the mother of 12, seven then alive. The information in the first report seems very likely to be wrong, since we have records of eight different children.

① Grand-ma Hastings met Grampa at Cape

Mo
Grampa came west the 1st time 1851
with Driggsbys and others on
2nd trip his father & mother (my gr. gr. parents)
and my grand mother came. Grandfather
spoke of her as his pretty red headed
Susan

Gr. Grandfather died in Bennett Valley
Sonoma Co. Calif.

Gr. Grand mother lived to be 81

Hastings lived 10 mi west of Springfield Mo

Just Hastings settled in Tenn.

Uncle Fletcher was born in Tenn.

lived to be 87 (mother's uncle)

Uncle Green born in Mo (" ") was youngest.

Agnes Simpson was Jesse Hastings

mother - was born in 1799 -

married at 14 had 14 children

Her husband Isaac born 1795 was

19 yrs old when married

He was in war of 1812 - Sam

Gen. Pakenham killed - used chain guns

(fought after peace was declared)

other boys were

Rotan H. - came to Calif

~~Wesley~~ Southard H. - stayed in Mo.

Wesley oldest - stayed in Mo.

Carl - - Texas

Robert died enroute to Calif and
was buried at foot of Sierra Nev mts.

Loose notes taken from Jessie Pritchard's files:
granddaughter of Jesse Axley Hastings

21. Caradine was arrested, but I have as yet been unable to find the result of his trial.

22. Source: Interview with John W. Jr. and Josephine Hastings, 1990.

23. Memory of George Leo Hastings, about 1982.

24. Source: Interview with John W. Hastings, Jr., and wife Josephine, 1990.

25. The celebration for their 50th anniversary was held on February 28, 1954, but I have not yet confirmed that Feb. 28 was the actual wedding day. Also, the 1910 census reports that the couple had been married six years.

26. Sources: Evelyn's birthdate supplied by her daughter, Betty Risner, in 1994. John's birth month deduced from 1910 census record.

27. According to Joe Hastings in 1996, the family probably moved from Stuttgart to Lonoke about 1924. (He believes that a photograph of the whole family, with Joe as baby (not in this 1999 version of this family history), was taken in front of the Stuttgart house.) They lived in two or three houses in Lonoke. One of those still stood in 1996, at 719 Center Street. Another still stood at the SE corner of Locust and Hicks streets, facing Locust; that was the house in which Herndon died. Joe believes that from Lonoke, in the late 1920's, the family moved to Cabot. After a short stay there, about 1930 the family moved back to Beebe.

28. Source: Interview with John W. Hastings Jr. and wife Josephine, 1990. I also note that in the 1920 census, Rosa and her children are shown as living in the house of her father, John Herndon Burt, in Beebe. I have not found Rosa's husband, John W. Hastings (Sr.), in the 1920 census.

29. Source: Interview with George Leo Hastings (Sr.), 1982.

30. The only exception was a brief period in the 1930's when the family moved in with John and Rosa's married daughter Evelyn in her house on Water Street in North Little Rock. Otherwise, when the family moved back to Beebe about 1930, they first lived for a time with Rosa's mother Eva Burt in the house on the road toward Lonoke, then later moved into a small "shotgun house" located next door to the north. (That smaller house no longer existed as of 1996.) The family later lived in at least two more houses in Beebe during the 1930's, including one on College Street and one which still stood in 1996 at 105 S. Cypress Street. Sometime in the early 1940's, John and Rosa bought a house on Hickory Street

in Beebe. (The house was later assigned the address 203 N. Hickory Street. It still stands as of this writing, but, during the January 1999 tornado in Beebe, its roof was ripped off; its continued existence seems to be in jeopardy.) (Source: Joe Hastings, 1996. Joe added that up until about the late 1930's, all of the family homes had wells for water and wood stoves for heat.)

31. Sam Turner, in a letter to Franklin C. Burt in 1947, stated that this farm was located about 30 miles west of Auxvasse.

32. I have a silver tea set that was given to my father after the death of his grandmother, Evaline Turner Burt. This set is said to have been given by John to Evaline as a wedding present.

33. The Sam Turner document gives 1885 as the year of Rosa's birth. The 1910 census record, however, supports an 1884 birth year, and some family members believe that the year was 1884. Her gravestone, erected in the early 1990's by her son Joe, lists her date of birth as July 14, 1884. Further, I note that a party celebrating Rosa's 90th birthday was held in July of 1974.

34. Interview with Franklin Clarence Burt, 1996.

35. A "family group sheet" given to me by Sandy Burt-Jones states that John died in Lonoke. I do not know where she got this information. My understanding from family memories is that John and Eva lived in the house in Beebe on the road to Lonoke (now 501 S. Main St.) at the time of John's death.

36. Source: Interview with John W. Hastings, Jr., and wife Josephine, 1990.

37. Source: Letter of Sam Turner to Franklin C. Burt, 1947.

38. *History of Callaway County*, published in 1884, author unknown. I have not seen the book itself, but obtained a copy of pages 858-59 of this book from Sandy Burt-Jones.

39. I note that the 1850 census record shows that in the next dwelling lived Ann Craig, 27, with three children. Perhaps Ann was a sister to Martha, or a widow of Martha's brother.

40. Obtained from Sandy Burt-Jones.

41. Rose's History of Missouri Pioneers. I have not seen the book itself. I merely have received from Sandy Burt-Jones a typed sheet quoting from the book. The typeface makes me think that this was typed by Sam Turner.

42. The information that I have about William Burt and his wife comes mainly from the *History of Callaway County* (see fn. above) and the excerpt from the *Rose's History of Missouri Pioneers* (see fn. above). I also relied on listings in the 1820 and 1830

census records.

43. See Rose's History, citation in fn. above.

44. It is interesting that the ship records also indicate that leaving London during the same week as Moses, on a different ship but also bound for Philadelphia, was a William Burt, age 18, also listed as a husbandman from Somerset traveling as an indentured servant. I also have found an 1802 Kentucky land purchase record listing a William Burt of Culpepper, Va., apparently not the same William who was the son of Moses Burt. Further, it is interesting that there are several William Burts listed in the 1810 Virginia census, and a William Burt listed in a 1783 tax record in Greensville County, Virginia. Based upon these records, it seems likely that the 1774 immigrant William Burt was Moses' brother, and that this William Burt remained in Virginia when his brother moved to Kentucky.

45. Rose's History. See fn. above.

46. A notation that I received from Sandy Burt-Jones indicates that Hannah's name may have been Green rather than Gru. I don't know the source of that information. It could be that "gru" in some language means "green" in English.

47. I note that the Sam Turner history at one point indicates that this farm was six miles southeast of Columbia, in Boone County. At another, it gives the location as one mile south of Harg, Missouri, in Boone County. I have not yet determined which description is correct--perhaps both are.

48. This church information, like most of the information about Squire Turner, comes from the Sam Turner history. The history does not make clear, however, where "the Olivet church" was located or what denomination it was. It probably was near the original Columbia Township farm, but possibly could have been near one of Squire's later homes in Callaway or Boone Counties.

49. It may be noted that in the period 1780-1790, when Thomas and Elizabeth were born, Kentucky did not exist as a separate state. The territory that is now Kentucky was at that time part of Virginia. (Kentucky became a separate state in 1792.) However, the report that Thomas Turner was "born in Kentucky" may mean that he was born in an area, then part of Virginia, that became part of Kentucky in 1792.

50. I note that the Kentucky census records for 1810 and 1820 show a number of men named Thomas Turner, one of whom was listed with the title "Captain." It is not clear which, if any, of these listed individuals is the Thomas Turner who is my ancestor.

51. Birth years are derived from the 1830 census record, which seems to indicate that three of ~~44~~ the eldest children were no

longer in the household.

52. While we do not know the name of Samuel P. Martin's wife, it appears that she was born in Virginia. That is, in the 1880 census record, it is indicated that the mother of Samuel's daughter, Martha Ann Martin Turner, was born in Virginia.

53. At that time there was no separate Air Force service; the Army and Navy each had its own Air Force subgroup.

54. This information concerning Martha, other than her birthdate, comes from interview with John W. Jr. and Josephine Hastings, 1990.

55. Source: Interview with John W. Jr. and Josephine Hastings, 1990. Note also that the funeral book of George Edgar Hastings (1958) lists, as a mourner at the funeral, one Josie Morrison, George's niece.

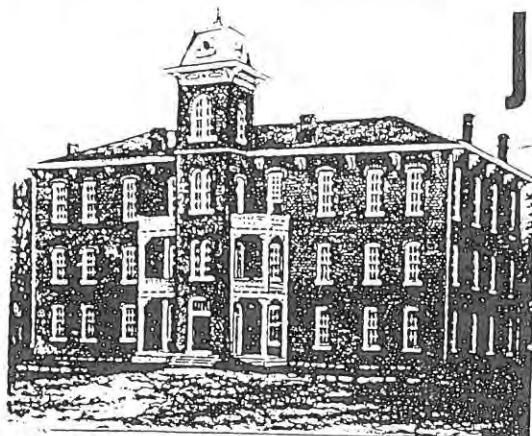
56. Source: John W. Hastings, Jr. (1990).

57. Source of information in last sentence, plus the location of Humphrey and the fact of three marriages (only two show up in census records to 1920), was interview with John W. Jr. and Josephine Hastings, 1990.

58. Sources: John W. Hastings, Jr., remembered (1990) that George was a "streetcar" operator in California. Also, I have a picture of George in uniform on what appears to be some type of streetcar, with the word "conductor" on his hat, and also a book from his funeral, which provides birth and death dates and location of death. Both these items were sent to my father by Cora Bailey.

59. Thomas W. Hastings, as noted in the text above, was a son of Joseph R. Hastings, and a brother of my grandfather, John W. Hastings. I note that in my 1996 edition of this history, I mistakenly labeled this photograph as being Thomas Herndon Hastings.

VAN BUREN COUNTY JOURNAL



VOLUME III

DANIEL HASTON
A FAMILY HISTORY
by Jacalyn McCoy

1984

Daniel Haston was born in 1735 and died in 1826 in White County, Tennessee. We believe that he was born in Virginia but this remains unproven. In the census records of Dunmore County, Virginia for the year 1775, by Brumbaugh, is found: Heaston, Danl -- with family. Also, census records for the State of Virginia for the year 1785 list: Heastin, Danl, 7 in family. In the 1850 census of Van Buren County, Tennessee, David Haston reported that he was born in Virginia. In Knox County, Tennessee ca 1795 to early 1800's, Daniel Haston was on jury duty several times during this period. Also, Daniel Haston was involved in a lawsuit with his son Joseph regarding a fence. During this same period, David Haston, his son, purchased land in Knox County.

Daniel Haston served in the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War; from the "Roster of Soldiers from North Carolina in the Revolution" published by the DAR of North Carolina, the following is found on page 280: Daniel Haston, Private, granted 640 acres of land for 84 months service in the Continental Army -- 14 October, 1783. The land grant of Daniel Haston, no. 2244 was surveyed on July 24, 1791. This warrant was sold to a land speculator named Thomas Hays and signed by Daniel Haston. This land that was sold is now downtown Nashville, Tennessee.

With the proceeds of the sale of his land grant, Daniel purchased from the State of Tennessee, 150 acres in White County, Tennessee, (now Van Buren County) on Big Spring Branch of the Caney Fork River, at Haston Spring. This land was surveyed May 14, 1808 and recorded in White County on December 10, 1810.

In the 1820 census of White County, Tennessee, Daniel Haston is listed, age over 65, with one female in the household, also over 65 years of age. Also listed under "heads of household" are David, Joseph, and Isaac Haston. Recorded in Land Deed Books in White County are records of land purchases of David and Joseph beginning about 1808.

Daniel Haston died in 1826 in what was then White County, Tennessee, and is now Van Buren County. He is buried at Big Fork Cemetery in Van Buren County. His wife is also buried at Big Fork Cemetery but in an unmarked grave. No information has been secured of her name or date of birth or death.

From a book entitled Compendium of Biography & Memorial Biographical Records, published in 1898 by Ogle and company, in a biographical sketch of William Carroll Haston, it is stated about Daniel Haston: "... on the paternal side is of Dutch descent, his grandfather, Daniel Haston, being scarcely able to speak English. At an early day he came to Tennessee, locating in Van Buren County (then White County) near the spring known as Haston's Big Spring." It is believed that Daniel Haston came to White County in 1806. His house stood on a hill overlooking the Haston's Spring.

Daniel Haston had at least nine children: David, Joseph, Isaac, Catherine, Jesse, Polly, Peggy, Daniel and Carroll.

- I. DAVID HASTON, born May 6, 1777 in Virginia, died April 1, 1860. He is buried at Big Fork Cemetery in Van Buren County. On May 5, 1800 he married Margaret Roddey (Roddy) in Knox County, Tennessee. She was born September 28, 1785 in North Carolina and died February 24, 1857 in Van Buren County. She is buried in an unmarked grave at Big Fork Cemetery. Their children were:
 - A. Malinda Haston, born September 1, 1801, married Arthur Mitchell, who was born October 20, 1799, and died April 19, 1874, the son of Spencer and Rachel Roberts Mitchell. Their children were:
 1. Margarett Emeline (Peggy) Mitchell, born Nov. 1, 1821 in Tennessee, died August 9, 1891 and is buried in Old Union Cemetery in White County, Tenn. On November 25, 1841 she married Thomas Jefferson Shockley, the son of William and Mary Crawley Shockley. Thomas J. Shockley was born August 4, 1818 and died June 30, 1886.
 2. Elizabeth Mitchell, born ca 1826 in Tennessee, married John Holcomb; she is buried in Bethlehem Cemetery in Warren County, Tennessee.
 3. Stacy Ann Mitchell, born ca 1828 in Tennessee, married Joseph Sparkman on December 5, 1844.
 4. Spencer R. Mitchell, born before 1831-33 in Tennessee, died in November, 1914 in Wilson County, Tennessee, (Watertown). He married twice: (1) Mary Webb, (2) Molly Young.

IX. CARROL HASTON, last child of Daniel Haston, Revolutionary Soldier. Carrol married Nancy Leake and they moved to Missouri. Carrol Haston died before 1850. Children:

- A. Perry Haston
- B. Matilda Haston
- C. John W. Haston
- D. Isaac Haston



James A. Haston

SOURCES: Our People, the tombstone inscriptions of Van Buren County, with genealogical notes, transcribed by Margret Rhinehart 1973-1976, published 1983. Van Buren County, Tennessee, Census Records: 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, 1900. Marriage Records of Van Buren County, Tenn. and White County, Tennessee. Family records, personal interviews, and correspondence with Mrs. Douglas Austin, Rt. 3, Sparta, Tennessee; Mr. Tony Bayless, Spencer, Tennessee; Mrs. Daisy Haston Cochran, 419 N. Colley St., Cordell, Oklahoma 73632; Ruth Haston Dillsworth, 541 S. 4th, Eunice, Louisiana 70535; Mr. and Mrs. Dave Haston, Sparta, Tennessee; Mr. John W. Myers, R. T. R. Box 5027, Corning, California 96021; Leigh Anna Sisemore, 8015 Plaxco Drive, Chattanooga, Tennessee 37421.



Out in Kansas

Read 'Out in Kansas'... The last days I had... I had never before...

Mother's Friend

Does expectant mothers or much good because it is so natural... Mother's Friend... THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

SCHOOL-DAYS AGAIN

ALBION RESEMBLES BRILLIANT EVENING... The opening of the second year's work at the Madison County primary...

WHAT GOV. JONES SAID

WHAT GOV. JONES SAID... Several teams with oxen and other... Gen. Vanhook & Co. Mfg. Co. purchased the oak timber from Ed Jones...

THE CITY MARSHAL STABBED

THE CITY MARSHAL STABBED... At Fort Smith the questing dogs had... At Fort Smith the questing dogs had...

THE NEW OLD STYLE

THE NEW OLD STYLE... "When I saw some in dock and... The people of Little Rock had noticed...

MIDWINTER PRODUCTION

MIDWINTER PRODUCTION... On account of the late season and the shortage of goods in stock...

Pire Insurance R. H. Mills & Co.

ARKANSAS FIRE INSURANCE CO.

PAINTED TO AGREE

Charge of Murder Still hangs Against Mrs. Erwin.

CITY MARSHAL STABBED

Oak Timber in Great Demand in Arkansas.

The jury in the case of the slain... Mrs. Erwin was discharged at... A year ago Mrs. Erwin was charged...

WHAT GOV. JONES SAID

WHAT GOV. JONES SAID... Several teams with oxen and other... Gen. Vanhook & Co. Mfg. Co. purchased the oak timber from Ed Jones...

THE CITY MARSHAL STABBED

THE CITY MARSHAL STABBED... At Fort Smith the questing dogs had... At Fort Smith the questing dogs had...

THE NEW OLD STYLE

THE NEW OLD STYLE... "When I saw some in dock and... The people of Little Rock had noticed...

MIDWINTER PRODUCTION

MIDWINTER PRODUCTION... On account of the late season and the shortage of goods in stock...

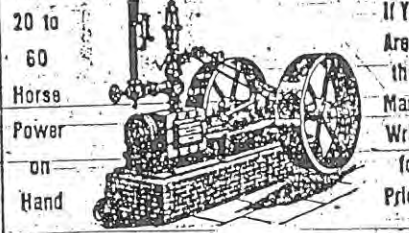
Pire Insurance R. H. Mills & Co.

ARKANSAS FIRE INSURANCE CO.

MOORE'S PILULES

A PERFECT SUBSTITUTE FOR QUININE... They are the only medicine... WHAT-MOORE'S PILULES WILL CURE!

Engines and Boilers



"ATLAS"

The only exclusive machinery house in the state. The largest stock in the southwest. If you want machinery promptly, come and see or write us, we can show you the machinery itself.

Chas. E. Rosenbaum

113 and 115 East Markham Street, Little Rock, Ark.

A Match

For kindling and all for fuel, mixed with a little gas.

Gas Ranges

Burn seven parts of air and one of gas. The Cheapest Fuel Known. Gas Ranges-Complete, \$12. Monthly Payments if Desired. PULASKI GAS LIGHT CO.

PURE WATER at Gleason's Hotel

We have put in an improved Filtering Plant and serve only Filtered-Boiled Water. 10c per glass. \$3 to \$5 per day.

THERE IS A CONSTANT DEMAND

FOR PURE WATER at Gleason's Hotel. American Plan. 2d & Center. L. O. Gleason, Mgr.

ZIMMERMAN

Watch Repairing Practical Expert Optician. 313 Main Street, Little Rock, Ark. \$1.00 to \$2.00 for best specialties.

Good Buggies

There is only one kind of buggy worth buying... Little Rock Warehouse Company. W. B. NEFF, Mgr. Wholesale and Retail.

Little Rock Warehouse Company

Buggies, Phaetons, Surreys. Stanbopes, Traps, Spring and Delivery Wagons. We are Headquarters for HARNESS AND SADDLES.

Fish Bros. Wagons

113 and 115 East Markham Street.

Merchants-Hotel

EUROPEAN PLAN. 31 and Louisiana St., Little Rock, Ark. Conducted by F. Le MIVELZ.

WE CARRY THE Largest Stock of Vehicles

IN THE STATE. Our vehicles are all standard makes and guaranteed. We handle... W. W. DICKINSON HARDWARE CO.

MEAL and HULLS

Cotton Seed Meal... Cotton Seed Hulls... Cotton Seed Hulls, baled... Arkansas Cotton Oil Co.

Capital Hotel

OUT ON \$5,000 BAIL

Slayer of City Marshal Hastings of Beebe Released

THE LATE MISS BRANSON

Beautiful Tribute From the Deaf Mute Institute.

J. D. Caradine, who killed City Marshal J. R. Hastings of Beebe, has been released on \$5,000 bail. The following story of the killing is taken from the Searcy Register:

Caradine, who was intoxicated, raised a disturbance over in the business part of town. He was ordered to desist by Marshal Hastings, who threatened to lock him up. He did not get off the street. Caradine then crossed to the other side of the railroad and again began raising a racket. Hastings promptly followed him, grasping his arm to prevent him from striking him. Hastings was wounded in the back and fell to the ground. Caradine, who was armed with a knife, tried to defend himself with his club, but he was unable to do so. He received two cuts in the bowels and lung. The wounded officer was carried to his home, where medical assistance was called. Hastings died on Wednesday morning, at which time he was buried.

Speaking of the national sentiment in Kansas country, Hon. M. T. Johnson is quoted as saying: "The country is divided with respect to the award of claims. While it was three years prominent some of Kansas City came there and went to prospect. They are taking out a good deal of ore and carrying it to Pittsburg and there shipping it to the St. Paul branch of the Frisco. I am informed by a gentleman who recently returned from Wichita, Kansas that the Frisco company is making the proposition to 'buy' that which is called of branch from the bridge to the nearest connection. They are already making the survey and the gentleman indicated to me that one of the objects of the road will be to extend to the west. This would be benefited by the Frisco. Transportation facilities are everywhere needed. There are no railroads running up to the territory north of Lee coal. If the Michigan line was built from day to day and from west to east, who have no reliable source of support. When approached by men who would involve with the view of mining, they are not of the same nature. The development of the territory and it is difficult to hire help among the people. The western section is to be affected that 'except you want, you shall be no man out,' should be an important and a feature. These things, however, are a pleasure to the lands, and our people should not be surprised if they were to

FALLING

of the world with its pale, mountain, and its rocky and mountainous peaks...

G. F. P.

ROBERTS' FEMALE PARADOX - This is a new kind of medicine... It will make you strong, vigorous, regular and care, free of any form of female weakness.

REFUSED TWO PETITIONS.

Governor Jones Declines to Exercise Executive Clemency.

Gov. Jones yesterday refused to grant the following two pardons, as the petition did not show sufficient cause why he should exercise executive clemency: Henry Powers, convicted in the Federal Circuit court at the March, 1897, term of grand larceny and sentenced to thirty months in the State Prison; and George W. Tucker, convicted in the Federal Circuit court at the March, 1897, term of court of carrying a pistol and sent to the State Prison, for which he was unable to pay and served out. The pardon was granted because of the fact that Tucker had been released from custody, his term being commuted by the late construction of the transportation statute of the circuit law, so it was regarded as having expired. Tucker is only twenty years of age.

A Card From Hon. Jeff Davis.

To the Editor of the Gazette: I am in receipt of your issue of the 12th inst., and am sorry to see that you have given me credit for a number of articles which were never published in this paper. I do not know where the error was made, but I do not wish to be charged with anything which I did not do. I do not know where the error was made, but I do not wish to be charged with anything which I did not do. I do not know where the error was made, but I do not wish to be charged with anything which I did not do.

St. Mary's Academy

Will open the first Monday in October. This school is under the management of the Sisters of Mercy and the tuition is free for every Protestant child. The boys' school will also open September 15th. The school is situated on the corner of Third and Broadway.

Cheap Money

Of Monthly Payments.

Ladies' Reading & Savings Association.

We have reduced our price of interest to 10% per annum per annum. Let us help you in your financial matters. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

20 CENTS GIVEN AWAY

Call this out and take it in the streets. Money is given away to the poor. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

Prof. G. W. Slater

Instructor of Piano.

Student of M. E. Conservatory of Music, also late of Royal Conservatory of Music, London, England.

GLENWOOD PARK

Will recommence Monday, Sept. 11, 1899. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

EDUCATIONAL

POSITIONS - Colleges - Edgeworth Boarding and Day School. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.



Colored Industrial Institute - Five Departments - English, History, Music, Sewing, Cooking and Penmanship. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

Professional

French Steam Typing - Old Telephone No. 124. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

LITTLE ROCK ICE CO. ICE and COAL

Wholesale and retail dealers in Distilled Water Ice and Coal. Telephone 221.

FALSTAFF Bottle Beer



MADDOX SEMINARY

FOR YOUNG LADIES, Art and Elocution. Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

One of the oldest and best equipped schools in the land... Large and commodious buildings, every and elegantly furnished throughout... Call on us for all kinds of insurance. We are in business since 1880.

The following is a transcription of the article circled above:

J.D. Caradine, who killed City Marshal J.R. Hastings of Beebe September 3, has been released on \$5,000 bond. The following story of the killing is taken from the Searcy Register:

Caradine, who was intoxicated, raised a disturbance over in the business part of town. He was ordered to desist by Marshall Hastings, who threatened to lock him up if he did not get off the street. Caradine then crossed to the other side of the railroad, where his father's livery stable is situated, and again began raising a racket. Hastings promptly followed him, reminded him of his threat to lock him up, and laid his hand on his shoulder. Caradine, who was sitting down at the time, raised up with a knife in his hand. Hastings tried to defend himself with his club, but having only one arm, he was unable to defend himself and received two cuts in the bowels and lung. The wounded officer was carried to his home, where medical assistance was called. Hastings lingered between life and death until 4 o'clock Wednesday morning, at which hour he died.



THE DEPARTMENT OF ARKANSAS
HERITAGE

Asa Hutchinson
Governor

Stacy Hurst
Director

Arkansas Arts Council

*

Arkansas Historic
Preservation Program

*

Arkansas Natural
Heritage Commission

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Delta Cultural Center

*

Historic Arkansas Museum

*

Mosaic Templars
Cultural Center

*

Old State House Museum



**ARKANSAS
State Archives**



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Little Rock, AR 72201
(501) 682-6900

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Dear Arkansas State Archives Patron,

We received your recent request and greatly appreciate your interest in the State Archives and our collections. Your requested photocopies are enclosed.

The Arkansas State Archives (ASA) is one of the oldest existing state agencies in the Natural State. The official state archive was created by the Arkansas General Assembly in 1905. As a division of the Department of Arkansas Heritage, our mission is to:

- keep and care for the official archives of the State of Arkansas;
- collect material bearing on the history of Arkansas from the earliest times;
- copy and edit official records and other historical material; and
- encourage historical work and research.

The Arkansas State Archives is located at One Capitol Mall, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201. The research room is open from 8:00am through 4:30pm, Monday through Saturday. It is closed on state holidays. If you are traveling long distances, please call to confirm hours/days of operation at (501) 682-6900.

Thank you for your patronage,

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